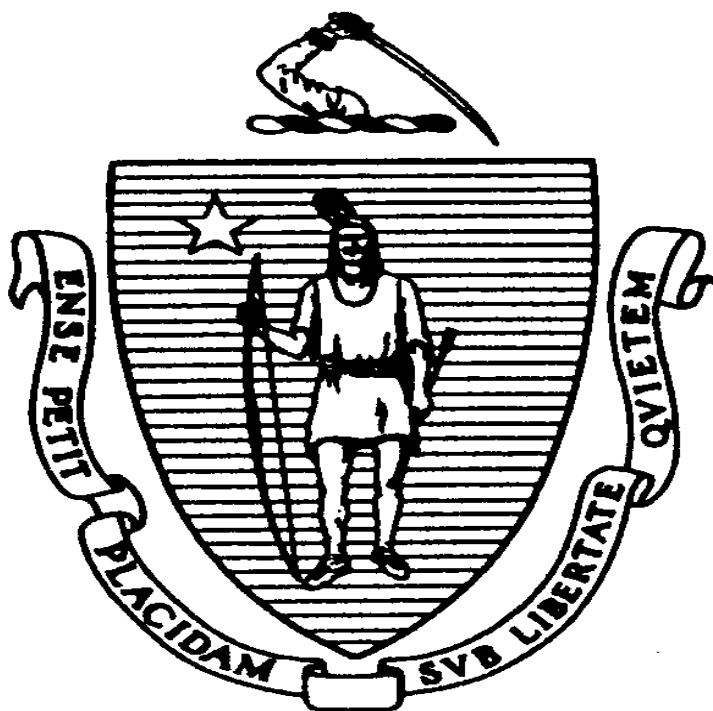


## January 1, 2000 Inmate Statistics

Massachusetts Department of Correction



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*Governor*

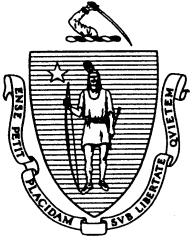
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This report is accessible on the DOC website at [www.state.ma.us/doc/](http://www.state.ma.us/doc/) and is also available at the following libraries: Massachusetts State Library; Library of Congress, Washington D.C.; Boston Public Library; University of Massachusetts, Amherst; Springfield City Library; and Worcester Public Library.

If you have any questions regarding this report, please contact the Research and Planning Division.

Publication No..

Approved by: Philmore Anderson III, State Purchasing Agent

## **Important Definition Change**

This January 1, 2000 report marks the **second year of the expanded definition.**

**New (Expanded) Definition: January 1st, 1999 and 2000 reports.**

Herein referred to as “DOC jurisdiction population”.

The population covered in this report is the Massachusetts Department of Correction (DOC) criminally sentenced population on January 1, 2000 incarcerated in DOC facilities *as well as* DOC inmates serving time in correctional facilities outside of the DOC (Massachusetts Houses of Correction, other states’ correctional facilities and the Federal Bureau of Prisons).

**Old Definition: January 1st, 1998 and prior reports.**

Herein referred to as “DOC custody population”.

The former definition includes criminally sentenced inmates in DOC facilities *only*, and does not include criminally sentenced DOC inmates serving time outside of the DOC in Massachusetts Houses of Correction, other states’ correctional facilities and the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

### Descriptive Overview of the January 1, 2000 JURISDICTION Population

- There were 10,712 criminally sentenced inmates in DOC population on January 1, 2000. This represents a decrease of 4% from the January 1, 1999 population of 11,158.
- The breakdown by gender was 10,097 males and 615 females representing 94% and 6% of the total population, respectively.
- The largest racial/ethnic group represented was Caucasian (45%), followed by African American (29%) and Hispanic (24%).
- The mean age of an inmate on January 1, 2000 was 35.6 years, ranging from 16 to 84 years of age. The median age of the population was 34.0 years for both genders.
- The mean age at time of incarceration was 30.5 years for the jurisdiction population, 30.4 for males, and 33.2 for females. The median age at incarceration was 29.0 years for the total population and males, 33.0 for females. Age at incarceration ranged from 15 years to 94 years.
- Sixty-four percent of the population was incarcerated for a violent offense, including 47% for a Person offense and 18% for a Sex offense. Another 22% were incarcerated for a Drug offense, 10% for a Property offense, and 4% for an Other offense.
- For incarcerated females, the largest number of offenses fell into the Drug offense category (36%), while the largest category for incarcerated males was Person offenses (48%).
- On January 1, 2000 the majority (78%) of the jurisdiction population was incarcerated in maximum or medium security level facilities (designated as security levels 4 - 6). Another 15% was housed in lower security level facilities (security levels 1 - 3). The remaining 7% of the population was housed in other jurisdiction's facilities (456 inmates in Massachusetts county facilities and 294 inmates in other state or federal facilities).
- Forty-seven percent of incarcerated females were serving a County sentence and 51% a State Prison sentence. In comparison, 93% of males were serving a State Prison sentence.
- For males, the largest portion of minimum sentences fell into two categories: Life sentences (15%), and sentences in the 3 to less than 4 year range (15%).
- The maximum sentence distribution for males showed 15% for Life sentences and 14% with maximum sentences of 5 to less than 6 years. For females, 51% of maximum sentences were less than 3 years.
- Fifteen percent of the jurisdiction population was serving a Life sentence: 706 for First-Degree Life and 867 for Second-Degree Life sentences. Only 34 females were serving a Life sentence: 15 for First-Degree Life and 19 for Second-Degree Life.

## Trends in the January 1st CUSTODY Population

- The January 1, 2000 population of 9,962 inmates represents the first decrease in DOC custody population since 1995.
- The DOC custody population decreased by 394 inmates from 1999 to 2000. This represents a 4% decline from the previous year's population of 10,356 inmates.
- The January 1, 2000 male DOC custody population declined by 381 inmates from January 1, 1999 for a 4% decrease. The female custody population dropped by 13 inmates, a 2% decline.
- From 1991 to 2000, the January 1st DOC custody population grew by 1,697 inmates, representing a 21% increase. During the same period, the number of male inmates in DOC custody increased 21% as compared to 12% for female inmates.
- The average annual growth rate for the 1991 to 2000 period was 2.1%. The male custody population increased by an average of 2.3% per year, whereas the female population increased yearly by 1.4% on average.
- The proportion of Caucasians to the total population have decreased from 51% in 1991 to 46% in 2000. Meanwhile, the proportion of Hispanic inmates has increased from 19% to 24%.
- The number of Native American inmates rose from 12 in 1991 to 32 in 2000. Asian inmates grew from 46 to 120 during the same period.
- The median age of inmates in DOC custody population has increased from 31 years in 1991 to 34 years in 2000. Mean age has been tracked since 1997 and shows an increase beginning with 34 years in 1997 to 36 years in 2000.
- Inmates age 65 and older have grown in the last 9 years from 40 in 1991 to 130 in 2000. On January 1, 2000 these older inmates comprised 1% of the DOC custody population.
- Sex and Person offenders represent the two largest growing offense groups in the population. Over the 9 year period the number of Sex offenders has increased by 46% from 1,229 in 1991 to 1,792 in 2000. The number of Person offenders increased 24% from 3,764 to 4,649 during the period.
- The proportion of inmates with sentences with no minimum term declined from 21% in 1991 to 9% in 2000. Meanwhile, the proportion of inmates with minimum sentences of less than 5 years grew from 15% in 1995 to 30% in 2000.
- The percentage of inmates with maximum sentences of less than 5 years increased from 6% in 1993 to 22% in 2000. Maximum sentences of 10 to less than 20 years decreased from 40% in 1994 to 22% in 2000.
- The portion of inmates of the custody population serving Life sentences has steadily increased from 10% at the beginning of the 9 year period to 15% in 2000.

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## **Introduction**

This report marks the **second year of the expanded definition**. This definition includes the Massachusetts Department of Correction (DOC) criminally sentenced population on January 1, 2000 incarcerated in DOC facilities as well as DOC inmates serving time in correctional facilities outside of the DOC (Massachusetts Houses of Correction, other states' correctional facilities and the Federal Bureau of Prisons). This population will be referred to as "DOC jurisdiction population" in this report. Since the change in this definition is just since 1999, all trend tables and discussions are based on the prior definition, that is, criminally sentenced inmates in DOC facilities *only*, herein referred to as "DOC custody population".

The information in this report is a "snapshot" composition of the inmate jurisdiction population on January 1, 2000. Throughout the rest of the body of this report, the phrase "in 2000" is substituted for "the DOC jurisdiction population on January 1, 2000".

The population described in this report is inmates incarcerated as a result of *acriminal* commitment. This includes **county, federal, and other states'** inmates transferred to a DOC facility who were in DOC *custody* on January 1, 2000 (N = **297**). The breakdown of the total DOC *custody* population (inmates *in* DOC facilities) is as follows:

<b>9,962</b>	<b>(100%)</b>	<b>Total DOC <i>custody</i> population</b>
9,664	(97%)	DOC
220	(2%)	County
1	(0%)	Federal
77	(1%)	Other-states' inmates

Additionally, inmates criminally sentenced by the courts to the DOC, but serving time in federal, county, or other states' correctional facilities are included in this report. Individuals falling outside of the "custody" population, but within DOC "jurisdiction" on January 1, 2000, represented in this report are:

<b>750</b>	<b>(100%)</b>	<b>Total DOC inmates housed outside of the DOC</b>
294	(39%)	Federal or other states' correctional facilities
456	(61%)	County facilities

Excluded from this report are individuals in DOC facilities on January 1, 2000, who were *not* serving a *criminal sentence*<sup>1</sup>. They are excluded for the following reasons. The reporting system for civilly committed inmates is not as extensive as for criminal commitments. Consequently, most of the data for civil commitments would fall in the “not reported” categories of the tables.

Individuals that are pre-trial or awaiting trial are not sentenced. Consequently they can not be considered either in the custody or jurisdiction population for this report. Also, limited information is available about this population. They are not sentenced, therefore their offense and sentencing information is not applicable.

Populations excluded from this report are as follows:

<b>424</b>	<b>(100%)</b>	<b>Total Civil Commitments at the DOC</b>
218	(51%)	Bridgewater State Hospital
115	(27%)	Treatment Center for Sexually Dangerous
85	(20%)	Addiction Center at Southeastern Correctional Center
6	(1%)	MCI-Framingham
<b>241</b>	<b>(100%)</b>	<b>Total Pre-Trial/Awaiting Trial at the DOC</b>
121	(50%)	Females at Awaiting Trial Unit at MCI-Framingham
120	(50%)	Males awaiting trial in a DOC facility

This report is organized into two main sections. The first section presents tables and charts describing the January 1, 2000 DOC jurisdiction population. This section depicts inmate demographic characteristics, information about criminal offenses for the inmate population, and data regarding sentencing, such as court from which committed, type of sentence, and sentence lengths. A table which shows the placement of DOC inmates by facility and security level is also included. Trend tables comprise the second section of the report and are based solely on the DOC custody population. This allows for consistent comparison to previous years.

Tables and charts are presented in each section of the report. The trend tables have been expanded from previous years' reports to cover the 1991 to 2000 period, when possible. If data is unavailable for certain years, it is noted by “NA” (not available) in the table. Please note that due to rounding, some of the tables may not add to 100%. The Glossary beginning on page 31 provides definitions of terms used in this report and addresses some methodological issues.

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<sup>1</sup> Source of data for populations excluded from report is the inmate database on 1/4/2000.



## **Descriptive Overview of the DOC January 1, 2000 Jurisdiction Population**

The tables on pages 10 through 22 describe the DOC jurisdiction population on January 1, 2000 by gender. Provided below is a descriptive overview of the data. First, the demographic characteristics of the population are discussed including race/ethnicity, age on January 1, 2000, age at incarceration, and marital status. The second set of tables look at the current offense by offense category and specific offense. Section 3 tables are on sentencing and security levels. They provide data on minimum and maximum sentences, sentencing court, truth in sentencing, sentence type and count. A table on institutional placement and security level is also provided.

### **I. Demographic Characteristics of the Population**

There were 10,712 inmates in DOC jurisdiction on January 1, 2000. Four percent of the population was female and 96% was male.

#### **Race/Ethnicity by Gender**

The largest racial/ethnic group represented was Caucasian (45%), followed by African American (29%) and Hispanic (24%). There were 127 Asians and 33 Native Americans in DOC jurisdiction, which constituted less than 2% of the population. A larger proportion of Caucasian inmates were in the female population than in the male population, 55% compared with 45%. A smaller proportion of African American inmates were in the female population (19%) in comparison with the male population (29%).

#### **Age as of January 1, 2000 by Gender**

The mean age of an inmate on January 1, 2000 was 35.6 years. Mean age varied slightly by gender. Females had a lower mean age (35.1 years) than males (35.6 years). The median age of the population was 34.0 years for both genders. The oldest female in DOC jurisdiction was 80 years and the oldest male was 84 years, whereas the youngest female was 17 years and the youngest male 16 years of age.

Approximately 2% of the population was under 20 years of age for both genders. Three percent of the population and males were 60 years or older and one percent of females were 60 years or older. A larger proportion of females were between the ages of 30 and 44 years old (61%) than males (49%).

#### **Age at Incarceration by Gender**

Female inmates on January 1, 2000 tended to be older at time of incarceration than males. The mean age at time of incarceration was 30.5 years for the entire population, 30.4 for males and 33.2 for females. Median age at incarceration was 29.0 for the total population and males, 33.0 for females. The age range for females at time of incarceration was 17 to 80 years, and for males, 15 to 79 years.

Nine percent of the 2000 jurisdiction population, and males had been incarcerated prior to the age of 20; only 4% of females were incarcerated before the age of 20. Males were twice as likely to have been incarcerated before the age of 25 than females, 32% versus 15%, respectively. For both genders, the majority of inmates were most likely to have been incarcerated between the ages of 25 and 44, females 76% and males 59%.

#### **Marital Status**

Marital status is reported by the inmate at time of incarceration. It is possible that an inmate's marital status could have been updated since their incarceration. Excluding the 384 cases that were not reported, 69% of inmates reported they were single, 17% married and 10% divorced. Another 5% were separated, widowed or living with a partner. Sixty-nine percent of male inmates reported being single, compared with 60% of females. A greater proportion of females than males reported that they were divorced or separated, 22% versus 12%.

## **II. Current Offense**

Inmates may be incarcerated for multiple offenses. Only one offense is reported per inmate based on certain criteria. This offense is called the “current offense” (see definition on page 31 of the Glossary for further explanation). Also, similar offenses may be combined into one offense category in the tables. The Appendix beginning on page 35 provides more information on offense categories, combined offenses and abbreviated offense labels.

### Current Offense Categories by Gender

Forty-seven percent of the population was incarcerated for a Person offense and 18% for a Sex offense, for a combined total of 64% incarcerated for a violent offense. Another 22% were incarcerated for a Drug offense, 10% for a Property offense, and 4% for an Other offense. For incarcerated females, the largest proportion of offenses were for Drug (36%) or Person offenses (31%). These offense categories were also the largest for incarcerated males, however 48% were for Person offenses and 21% for Drug offenses.

### Person Offenses by Gender

Crimes Against the Person, primarily Massachusetts General Law Chapter 265 offenses are combined into this Category.

Person offenders constituted 47% of the January 1, 2000 jurisdiction population. Armed Robbery was the most common Person offense for which males and females were incarcerated. Males incarcerated for a Person offense were most likely to be serving an offense for Armed Robbery (24%), Murder 2nd Degree (15%), Murder 1st Degree (14%), or Assault/Assault and Battery with a Dangerous Weapon (10%). The most likely Person offenses for females were Armed Robbery (15%), Assault/Assault and Battery with a Dangerous Weapon (14%), Manslaughter (11%) and Murder 2nd Degree (10%).

### Sex Offenses by Gender

This category consists of Sex Offenses Against the Person, primarily Massachusetts General Law Chapter 265 (Crimes Against the Person) and Chapter 272 offenses (Crimes Against Chastity, Morality, Decency, and Good Order).

There were 1,893 inmates serving a Sex offense on January 1, 2000. Fifteen of the Sex offenders (less than 1%) were female. The most frequent Sex offenses for incarcerated males were Rape and Abuse of a Child (28%), followed by Rape of a Child with Force (21%), Rape (18%), Aggravated Rape (16%). Seven of the 15 female Sex offenders were incarcerated for the offense of Rape and Abuse of a Child.

### Property Offenses by Gender

Crimes Against Property (primarily Massachusetts General Law Chapter 266) are categorized as Property Offenses.

Property Offenders comprised 10% of the incarcerated population and for males, 17% for females. The most common Property offenses for females were Larceny/Stealing (37%), Forgery and Uttering (11%) and Shoplifting (11%). The majority of male Property offenders were incarcerated for Unarmed Burglary/Breaking and Entering (55%) and Theft of Motor Vehicle or non-Motor Vehicle (10%).

### Drug Offenses by Gender

Drug Offenses fall under Chapter 94C of the Massachusetts General Law. Twenty-two percent of the jurisdiction population on January 1, 2000 was incarcerated for a Drug offense, 36% of females and 21% of males. Mandatory offenses accounted for 70% of all Drug offenses for the jurisdiction population. Seventy-two percent of male Drug offenders were serving a mandatory offense, compared with 53% of female Drug offenders. The most common Drug offenses for males were Specific Class B Trafficking 28-

100 Grams (14%) and Specific Class B Trafficking 14-28 Grams (14%), both mandatory offenses. Thirteen percent of male Drug offenders were serving Class A Distribution or Possession with Intent to Distribute, not a mandatory offense. Females incarcerated for a Drug offense were most likely to be incarcerated for Class A Distribution or Possession with Intent to Distribute (16%), Class B Distribution or Possession with Intent to Distribute (14%) and Possession of Controlled Substance - No Class Specified (12%), none of which are mandatory.

#### Other Offenses by Gender

“Other” offenses are miscellaneous offenses that are not clearly categorized into a Person, Sex, Property or Drug offense.

Only 4% of the jurisdiction population was incarcerated for an Other offense on January 1, 2000. However, 14% of females were in prison for an Other offense. The most common offenses for females in this category were Operating Under the Influence (OUI) of Alcohol or Drugs, With or Without Injury (39%), Prostitution (15%) and Other Decency/Public Peace Crimes (14%). Three percent of males were incarcerated for an Other offense. The bulk of these were for OUI Alcohol or Drugs, With or Without Injury (28%), Weapons Violation, Bartley Fox Gun Law (23%) and Other Weapons Offenses (19%).

### **III. Sentencing and Security Levels**

The Glossary, beginning on page 31 defines important terms in relation to sentencing: Minimum Sentence, Sentence/Sentence Type, Truth in Sentencing Indicator, and Sentence Count. Some of the definitions are reiterated below.

#### Sentence Type by Gender

Ninety-one percent of inmates in DOC jurisdiction on January 1, 2000 were serving a State Prison sentence. The remainder were serving a County sentence (5%), Reformatory sentence (3%), or were Federal inmates or inmates from another state (1%). Sentence Type varied by gender. Forty-seven percent of incarcerated females were serving a County sentence and 51% a State Prison sentence. In comparison, 93% of males were serving a State Prison sentence.

#### Minimum Sentence by Gender

Minimum sentence is related to Sentence Type. For example, some sentences do not have a minimum term, only a maximum term. Cases with no minimum term are inmates serving House of Correction (County) or Reformatory sentences and can also be those serving out of state or Federal sentences. Further definitions of sentence type are in the Glossary, beginning on page 31.

The minimum sentence distribution for the population differed by gender. While 94% of males were serving sentences with a minimum term, 49% of females were not. For males with a minimum sentence, the largest portion were Life sentences (16%), followed by minimum sentences of 3 to less than 4 years (16%) and 5 to less than 6 years (12%). Of the 313 females with minimum sentences, 25% were 3 to less than 4 years and 19% were 2 to less than 3 years.

#### Maximum Sentence by Gender

All types of sentences receive a Maximum term. Maximum sentence length can range from 1 day to Life. The largest percentage of males had sentences in the Life category (15%). Whereas 1,528 males had a minimum sentence of Life, 1,546 had a maximum sentence of Life. There were 18 cases with a minimum term of some years and a maximum term of Life (for example, a sentence of 25 years to Life). Following Life sentences, the next largest proportion of maximum sentences for males fell into the categories of 5 to less than 6 years (14%), 20 or more years (13%) and 10 to 11 years (10%). Maximum

sentence lengths for females were lower than compared with males. Fifty-one percent of the maximum sentences for females were under 3 years. Ten percent of the maximum sentences for females ranged from 5 to less than 6 years.

#### Life Sentence by Gender

An offender can receive a First-Degree or Second-Degree Life sentence and later receive a change to that sentence via a commutation or court order. There were 1,573 inmates who originally received a Life sentence, 706 for First-Degree Life and 867 for Second-Degree Life.

#### Court From Which Committed by Gender

Twenty-three percent of incarcerated individuals were sentenced out of Suffolk Superior Court, 15% from Middlesex Superior Court, 12% from Hampden Superior Court and 11% from Worcester Superior Court. This distribution was similar for males. In contrast, 45% of females in DOC jurisdiction on January 1, 2000 were sentenced out of Massachusetts District Courts.

#### Truth in Sentencing Indicator by Gender

On January 12, 1994, the Governor signed into law an Act to Promote the Effective Management of the Criminal Justice System. St. 1993, c. 432, generally known as the “Truth in Sentencing” Law. Sentencing for offenses committed after June 30, 1994 are significantly affected by this law. Table 16 indicates whether the current offense was committed prior to or after June 30, 1994. For further discussion on some of the changes due to Truth in Sentencing refer to Sentence/Sentence Type” on pages 32 and 33 of the Glossary.

Fifty-six percent of inmates in DOC jurisdiction on January 1, 2000 were serving a sentence under Truth in Sentencing. The proportion of males sentenced under Truth in Sentencing was 54%, whereas females constituted a much higher proportion (81%).

#### Sentence Count by Gender

An inmate is often serving more than one sentence at the same time. The sentence count shows the number of imposed sentences that the inmate is serving. On January 1, 2000, sixty-four percent of inmates in DOC jurisdiction were serving more than one sentence. The distribution by gender was 60% for females and 65% for males.

#### Jurisdiction Population by Institution and Security Level

On January 1, 2000 the majority (78%) of the jurisdiction population was incarcerated in maximum or medium security level facilities (designated as security levels 4 - 6). Another 15% were housed in lower security level facilities (security levels 1 - 3). The remaining 7% of the population were housed in other jurisdiction’s facilities (456 inmates in Massachusetts County facilities and 294 inmates in other state or Federal facilities).

Eighty percent of females were incarcerated in medium security facilities (level 4), compared to 56% of males. There are no level 5 or 6 facilities for women<sup>2</sup>, however 22% of males were incarcerated in the highest security level facilities. Fifteen percent of the male and female jurisdiction population were housed in minimum/pre-release security facilities (levels 1 to 3). Four percent of DOC females and 7% of DOC males were incarcerated in Massachusetts County facilities, other state or Federal correctional facilities.

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<sup>2</sup> The Awaiting Trial Unit at MCI-Framingham is a level 6, but awaiting trial populations are excluded from this report.

## **Trends in the DOC January 1st Custody Population, 1991 to 2000**

The tables and figures on pages 24 through 30 comprise the second section of the report. They are based solely on the DOC custody population. This allows for consistent comparison to previous years. Data that is unavailable for certain years, is noted by “NA” (not available) in the table.

This section highlights trends for the January 1st custody population for the years 1991 through 2000. Tables and figures are presented on Gender, Race/Ethnicity, Age on January 1st, Current Offense Category, Minimum Sentence, Maximum Sentence, and Life Sentences.

### **DOC Custody Population: 1991 to 2000**

The January 1, 2000 population of 9,962 inmates represents the first decrease in DOC custody population since 1995. From 1991 to 1994 the population rose by 1,687 inmates, an increase of 20%. The population dropped in 1995 and 1996, followed by an increase for the years 1997 to 1999. The population decreased by 394 inmates from 1999 to 2000, which represented a 4% decline. Overall, the average annual growth rate for the 1991 to 2000 period was 2.1%.

### **Gender: 1991 to 2000**

The January 1, 2000 male DOC custody population declined by 381 inmates from 9,754 on January 1, 1999 for a 4% decrease. In comparison, the female custody population dropped by 13 inmates, from 602 in 1999 to 589 in 2000, a 2% decline. During the period 1991 to 2000 the number of male inmates grew from 7,737 to 9,373. This represented a 21% jump in the male population. For females, the inmate population grew by 12% from 528 in 1991 to 589 in 2000. The average yearly growth for the male inmate population for the period 1991 to 2000 was 2.3%, whereas it was 1.4% for the female inmate population. As of January 1, 2000, six percent of the DOC custody population were females. This proportion has remained fairly consistent since 1991.

### **Race/Ethnicity: 1991 to 2000**

For the custody population, the January 1, 2000 racial and ethnic breakdown continued a trend of a slight decrease in the number of Caucasians in proportion to the total population since 1994 from 51% to 46%. The number of Hispanics in proportion to the total population has increased since 1991 from 19% to 24%. African American inmates as a percent of the total population has remained fairly stable since 1991, hovering between 28% and 30%. The number of Asian inmates in DOC custody decreased by 4 from 124 in 1999 to 120 in 2000. This indicates a reverse in the trend of growth seen in the Asian population from 1991 to 1999. During that time the number of Asian inmates increased from 46 in 1991 to 124 in 1999. The number of Native American inmates increased in number from 12 in 1991 to 32 in 2000.

### **Age as of January 1st: 1991 to 2000**

The age distribution of the custody population has noticeably shifted upward since 1991. The percentage of inmates 20-29 years old has decreased from 42% to 30%, whereas the percentage of inmates 40 years and older has increased from 19% to 32% during the period. Inmates under 20 years old consistently comprised 2% of the population from 1991 to 1999, however on January 1, 2000 they comprised only 1% of the population. The number of inmates age 19 or younger decreased by 19% from 1999 to 2000. The portion of inmates in their thirties increased from 1991 to 1996. However, the proportion of inmates 30-39 years of age to the total population decreased from 38% in 1998 to 36% in 2000. The oldest inmates, age 65 and older, grew in number over the last 9 years from 40 in 1991 to 130 in 2000. On January 1, 2000 these older inmates comprised 1% of the DOC custody population.

The median age of inmates in DOC custody population has increased from 31 years in 1991 to 34 years in 2000. Mean age has been tracked since 1997 and shows an increase beginning with 34 years in 1997 to 36 years in 2000.

#### Current Offense Categories: 1991 to 2000

Sex and Person offenders represent the two largest growing offense groups in the population. Over the 9 year period the number of Sex offenders increased by 46% from 1,229 in 1991 to 1,792 in 2000. The number of Person offenders increased 24% from 3,764 to 4,649 during the same period. The number of offenders in all offense categories decreased from 1999 to 2000; the largest decrease occurred in the number of Property offenders, from 1,150 to 998, a decline of 13%.

#### Minimum Sentence: 1991 to 2000

The distribution of minimum sentence has seen some major shifts over the period, particularly since 1995. Some of the changes can be attributed to the “Truth in Sentencing” law which affected offenses committed after June 30, 1994. Please see the Glossary definitions for Sentence/Sentence Type, and Truth in Sentencing Indicator on pages 32-34 for further explanation. One of the changes established by the “Truth in Sentencing law was to eliminate Reformatory sentences. These sentences specified a minimum term, but no maximum term. The data shows the impact of this change. From 1991 to 2000 there was a decrease in the proportion of sentences that did not have a minimum term from 21% to 9%.

The percentage of inmates in the DOC serving sentences of less than 5 years has increased since 1991 from 24% of the total custody population (excluding sentences with no minimum term) to 34% in 2000. Figure 5 shows the dramatic jump in the number of sentences of less than 5 years from 1995 to 1999. During this period, the number of sentences of less than 5 years grew 100% from 1,517 to 3,037, while the total population grew by only 1%. The proportion of inmates with a minimum term of Life has increased from 13% to 17% from 1991 to 2000. The percentage of inmates with sentences in the middle-range categories of 5 to less than 10 years, and 10 to less than 20 years has decreased from 60% in 1991 to 47% in 2000. The proportion of inmates with sentences in the 20 years or more category (excluding lifers) has remained at 3% since 1991.

#### Maximum Sentence: 1991 to 2000

Shifts have also occurred in the maximum sentence distribution from 1991 to 2000. As seen in Figure 6, inmates serving maximum sentences of less than 5 years jumped from 622 in 1993 to 2,204 in 2000, an increase of 254%. Conversely, inmates serving maximum sentences of 10 to less than 20 years dropped from 3,950 in 1994 to 2,212 in 2000. This represented a decline of 44%. The number of inmates with a maximum sentence of Life grew by 76% from 866 inmates in 1991 to 1,522 inmates in 2000.

The proportion of inmates of the total population serving maximum sentences of less than 5 years grew from 6% in 1993 to 22% in 2000. The proportion with maximum sentences of 10 to less than 20 years decreased from 40% in 1994 to 22% in 2000. The percentage of inmates with maximum sentences of 5 to less than 10 years fluctuated between 29% and 25% from 1991 to 2000. A slight decrease was seen in the proportion of inmates with maximum sentences of more than 20 years from 15% in 1991 to 13% in 2000. Lifers as a portion of the total population grew from 10% to 15% during the 9 year period.

#### Life Sentences: 1993 to 2000

Inmates with First-Degree or Second-Degree Life sentences represent a growing segment of the population. In 1993 there were 426 inmates serving sentences for First-Degree Life and 601 inmates serving sentences for Second-Degree Life. On January 1, 2000 the number of First-Degree Lifers had increased to 678, representing an increase of 59%. The 837 Second-Degree Lifers on January 1, 2000 represented an increase of 39% from the number in 1993.

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Demographic Characteristics  
of the Population

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Please note that due to rounding, some of the tables may not add to 100%.

**Table 1**

**Race/Ethnicity by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
Asian	3	0	124	1	127	1
African American	115	19	2,950	29	3,065	29
Caucasian	337	55	4,533	45	4,870	45
Hispanic	158	26	2,459	24	2,617	24
Native American	2	0	31	0	33	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,097</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,712</b>	<b>100</b>

**Table 2**

**Age as of January 1, 2000 by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
16 yrs	0	0	1	0	1	0
17 yrs	2	0	5	0	7	0
18 yrs	4	1	34	0	38	0
19 yrs	7	1	116	1	123	1
20 yrs	4	1	168	2	172	2
21 yrs	10	2	218	2	228	2
22 yrs	12	2	270	3	282	3
23 yrs	12	2	296	3	308	3
24 yrs	11	2	306	3	317	3
25-29 yrs	105	17	1,824	18	1,929	18
30-34 yrs	144	23	1,887	19	2,031	19
35-39 yrs	132	21	1,764	17	1,896	18
40-44 yrs	102	17	1,332	13	1,434	13
45-49 yrs	36	6	820	8	856	8
50-54 yrs	19	3	495	5	514	5
55-59 yrs	7	1	286	3	293	3
60-64 yrs	5	1	145	1	150	1
65-69 yrs	2	0	67	1	69	1
70 yrs or Older	1	0	63	1	64	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,097</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,712</b>	<b>100</b>

Age as of 1/1/2000:

The median age was 34.0 years (for total population and by gender)

The mean age was 35.6 years (for total population and males, and for females: 35.1 years)

Age as of 1/1/2000 - Ranges:

Females - 17 years to 80 years

Males - 16 years to 84 years

**Table 3**



### Age at Incarceration by Gender

	Female (%)		Male (%)		Total (%)	
15 yrs	0	0	4	0	4	0
16 yrs	0	0	18	0	18	0
17 yrs	3	0	107	1	110	1
18 yrs	8	1	327	3	335	3
19 yrs	14	2	469	5	483	5
20 yrs	7	1	470	5	477	4
21 yrs	16	3	497	5	513	5
22 yrs	13	2	475	5	488	5
23 yrs	15	2	429	4	444	4
24 yrs	17	3	456	5	473	4
25-29 yrs	128	21	2,125	21	2,253	21
30-34 yrs	137	22	1,778	18	1,915	18
35-39 yrs	124	20	1,299	13	1,423	13
40-44 yrs	79	13	779	8	858	8
45-49 yrs	31	5	431	4	462	4
50-54 yrs	15	2	219	2	234	2
55-59 yrs	6	1	123	1	129	1
60-64 yrs	1	0	51	1	52	0
65-69 yrs	0	0	22	0	22	0
70 yrs or Older	1	0	18	0	19	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,097</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,712</b>	<b>100</b>

#### Age at Incarceration:

The median age was 29.0 years (for total population and males, for females 33.0 years)

The mean age was 30.5 years (for females 33.2 years, and for males 30.4 years)

#### Age at Incarceration - Ranges:

Females - 17 years to 80 years

Males - 15 years to 79 years

**Table 4**

### Marital Status (Self-Reported) by Gender

	Female (%)		Male (%)		Total (%)	
Married	89	14	1,632	16	1,721	16
Single	365	59	6,747	67	7,112	66
Divorced	82	13	948	9	1,030	10
Widowed	18	3	94	1	112	1
Partner/Livein	0	0	47	0	47	0
Separated	55	9	251	2	306	3
Not Reported	6	1	378	4	384	4
<b>Total</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,097</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,712</b>	<b>100</b>

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Current Offense

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**Table 5**

**Current Offense Categories by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
Person	189	31	4,802	48	4,991	47
Sex	15	2	1,878	19	1,893	18
Property	103	17	984	10	1,087	10
Drug	224	36	2,104	21	2,328	22
Other	84	14	329	3	413	4
<b>Total</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,097</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,712</b>	<b>100</b>

**Table 6**

**Person Offenses by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
Armed Robbery	29	15	1,133	24	1,162	23
Murder 2nd Degree	19	10	738	15	757	15
Murder 1st Degree	15	8	687	14	702	14
Assault/A&B with a Dangerous Weapon	26	14	497	10	523	10
Assault with Intent to Rob or Murder, Being Armed	13	7	414	9	427	9
Manslaughter	21	11	373	8	394	8
Unarmed Robbery	4	2	311	6	315	6
Armed Assault in Dwelling Houses	1	1	78	2	79	2
Unarmed Robbery, Victim 60 and Over	8	4	61	1	69	1
Kidnapping	3	2	60	1	63	1
Mayhem	6	3	54	1	60	1
Assault/Assault and Battery	17	9	38	1	55	1
Vehicular Homicide	7	4	45	1	52	1
Carjacking	1	1	34	1	35	1
Assault with Intent to Commit Murder	2	1	30	1	32	1
Assault and Battery Upon a Child	3	2	23	0	26	1
Assault with Intent to Commit Felony	2	1	24	0	26	1
Accessory Before the Fact	2	1	22	0	24	0
Conspiracy	3	2	21	0	24	0
Home Invasion	0	0	19	0	19	0
Accessory After the Fact	2	1	16	0	18	0
Stealing by Confining or Putting in Fear	0	0	18	0	18	0
Stalking	0	0	18	0	18	0
Attempted Murder	1	1	16	0	17	0
Assault to Rob not Being Armed	1	1	15	0	16	0
Murder 2nd Degree - Juvenile Offender Law	0	0	15	0	15	0
Armed Asslt W/Intent to Rob/Murder, Victim 60+	1	1	11	0	12	0
Extortion	0	0	8	0	8	0
Murder 1st Degree - Juvenile Offender Law	0	0	7	0	7	0
Violation of Civil Rights	0	0	7	0	7	0
A&B with a Dangerous Weapon, Victim 60+	0	0	4	0	4	0
A&B Upon an Elderly or Disabled Person	2	1	2	0	4	0
Assault with a Dangerous Weapon, Victim 60+	0	0	3	0	3	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>4,802</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>4,991</b>	<b>100</b>

Please note: the offenses are arranged in descending order by offense total.

**Table 7**

**Sex Offenses by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
Rape and Abuse of a Child	7	47	535	28	542	29
Rape of a Child with Force	2	13	394	21	396	21
Rape	1	7	343	18	344	18
Aggravated Rape	0	0	292	16	292	15
Indecent Asslt & Battery on Child Under 14	2	13	142	8	144	8
Assault With Intent to Commit Rape	0	0	93	5	93	5
Indecent Asslt & Battery on Victim 14 or Older	0	0	35	2	35	2
Assault with Intent to Rape, Child <16	0	0	23	1	23	1
Other Sex Offenses	0	0	6	0	6	0
Sex Offenses Involving a Minor	1	7	5	0	6	0
Sexual Assault - Out of State/Federal Inmates	0	0	3	0	3	0
Indecent A&B on Mentally Retarded Victim	0	0	3	0	3	0
Unnatural Acts with Child Under 16	1	7	1	0	2	0
Incest	0	0	2	0	2	0
Unnatural Acts	1	7	0	0	1	0
Crimes Against Nature	0	0	1	0	1	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1,878</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1,893</b>	<b>100</b>

Please note: the offenses are arranged in descending order by offense total.

**Table 8**

**Property Offenses by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
Unarmed Burglary/Breaking and Entering	10	10	545	55	555	51
Larceny/Stealing	38	37	85	9	123	11
Theft of Motor Vehicle or non-Motor Vehicle	5	5	103	10	108	10
Arson and Attempted Arson	10	10	72	7	82	8
Burglary, Armed or an Assault	0	0	63	6	63	6
Forgery and Uttering	11	11	23	2	34	3
Destruction of Property	3	3	21	2	24	2
Larceny From the Person	9	9	13	1	22	2
Receiving Stolen Goods	1	1	16	2	17	2
Possession of Burglary Tools	0	0	16	2	16	1
Common and Notorious Thief	1	1	15	2	16	1
Shoplifting	11	11	0	0	11	1
Larceny From Elder or Disabled Person	2	2	5	1	7	1
Fraud	2	2	5	1	7	1
Embezzlement	0	0	2	0	2	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1,087</b>	<b>100</b>

Please note: the offenses are arranged in descending order by offense total.

**Table 9**

**Drug Offenses by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
Being Present Where Heroin is Kept	1	0	1	0	2	0
Possession of Hypodermic Syringe/Instrument	3	1	0	0	3	0
Conspiracy to Violate Controlled Substance Act	4	2	31	1	35	2
Possession of Controlled Substance - No Class Specified	27	12	15	1	42	2
Possession of Controlled Substance - Class A	0	0	18	1	18	1
Possession of Controlled Substance - Class B	1	0	5	0	6	0
Possession of Controlled Substance - Class D	1	0	1	0	2	0
Fraudulent Prescriptions	0	0	3	0	3	0
Class A Distribution or Possession w/Intent to Distribute	35	16	281	13	316	14
*Class A Distribution or Poss w/Int to Dist, Subsequent	5	2	85	4	90	4
Class B Distribution or Possession w/Int to Distribute	31	14	232	11	263	11
*Class B Distribution or Poss w/Int to Dist, Subsequent	11	5	121	6	132	6
*Specific Class B Distribution or Poss w/Int to Distribute	21	9	128	6	149	6
*Specific CI B Possession w/Int to Distribute, Subsequent	2	1	64	3	66	3
Class C Distribution or Possession w/Int to Distribute	0	0	1	0	1	0
*Marijuana Trafficking 50-100 Lbs	0	0	2	0	2	0
*Marijuana Trafficking 100-2,000 Lbs	0	0	1	0	1	0
*Specific Class B Trafficking 14-28 Grams	20	9	299	14	319	14
*Specific Class B Trafficking 28-100 Grams	12	5	302	14	314	13
*Specific Class B Trafficking 100-200 Grams	10	4	186	9	196	8
*Specific Class B Trafficking 200+ Grams	10	4	150	7	160	7
*Class A Trafficking 14-28 Grams	0	0	10	0	10	0
*Class A Trafficking 28-100 Grams	3	1	14	1	17	1
*Class A Trafficking 100-200 Grams	0	0	8	0	8	0
*Class A Trafficking 200+ Grams	0	0	7	0	7	0
Class D Distribution or Possession w/Int to Distribute	2	1	3	0	5	0
*Drug Violation, School/Park	25	11	129	6	154	7
Induce Minors in Sale and Distribution of Drugs	0	0	7	0	7	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>2,104</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>2,328</b>	<b>100</b>

\* Denotes an offense which carries a mandatory sentence.

Please note the offenses are arranged in order by drug violation category.

**Table 10**

**Other Offenses by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
OUI Alcohol or Drugs, With or Without Injury	33	39	93	28	126	31
Weapons Violation, Bartley Fox Gun Law	2	2	76	23	78	19
Other Weapons Offense	1	1	63	19	64	15
Intimidation of a Witness/Juror	2	2	30	9	32	8
Attempt to Commit a Crime	3	4	16	5	19	5
Escape	1	1	14	4	15	4
Prostitution	13	15	0	0	13	3
Other Decency/Public Peace Crimes	12	14	0	0	12	3
Other Motor Vehicle Offenses	4	5	6	2	10	2
Habitual Criminal	0	0	10	3	10	2
Leave the Scene of Vehicular Accident	3	4	6	2	9	2
Resisting Arrest	3	4	5	2	8	2
Deriving Support From Prostitution	1	1	3	1	4	1
Perjury/Contempt of Court	1	1	3	1	4	1
Domestic Abuse Prevention	2	2	0	0	2	0
Delivering/Receiving Articles for Inmates	1	1	1	0	2	0
Obstruction of Justice	2	2	0	0	2	0
Miscellaneous Other Offense	0	0	2	1	2	0
Bribery/Corruption	0	0	1	0	1	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>413</b>	<b>100</b>

Please note: the offenses are arranged in descending order by offense total.

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## Sentencing and Security Levels

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**Table 11**

**Sentence Type by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
Other State, Federal	3	0	73	1	76	1
County	286	47	232	2	518	5
Reformatory	14	2	360	4	374	3
State Prison	312	51	9,432	93	9,744	91
<b>Total</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,097</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,712</b>	<b>100</b>

**Table 12**

**Minimum Sentence by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
Less Than 1 Yr	0	0	1	0	1	0
1 to Less Than 2 Yrs	10	3	151	2	161	2
2 to Less Than 3 Yrs	58	19	737	8	795	8
3 to Less Than 4 Yrs	77	25	1,485	16	1,562	16
4 to Less Than 5 Yrs	17	5	805	9	822	8
5 to Less Than 6 Yrs	33	11	1,168	12	1,201	12
6 to Less Than 7 Yrs	12	4	510	5	522	5
7 to Less Than 8 Yrs	11	4	394	4	405	4
8 to Less Than 9 Yrs	5	2	312	3	317	3
9 to Less Than 10 Yrs	6	2	327	3	333	3
10 to Less Than 11 Yrs	18	6	570	6	588	6
11 to Less Than 12 Yrs	0	0	29	0	29	0
12 to Less Than 13 Yrs	8	3	346	4	354	4
13 to Less Than 14 Yrs	0	0	21	0	21	0
14 to Less Than 15 Yrs	0	0	33	0	33	0
15 to Less Than 16 Yrs	16	5	474	5	490	5
16 to Less Than 17 Yrs	0	0	25	0	25	0
17 to Less Than 18 Yrs	0	0	18	0	18	0
18 to Less Than 19 Yrs	6	2	227	2	233	2
19 to Less Than 20 Yrs	1	0	45	0	46	0
20+ Yrs	1	0	260	3	261	3
Life	34	11	1,528	16	1,562	16
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>9,466</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>9,779</b>	<b>91</b>
No Minimum	302	49	631	6	933	9
<b>Total</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,097</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,712</b>	<b>100</b>



**Table 13**

**Maximum Sentence by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
Less Than 1 Year	133	22	25	0	158	1
1 to Less Than 2 Yrs	89	14	135	1	224	2
2 to Less Than 3 Yrs	93	15	430	4	523	5
3 to Less Than 4 Yrs	54	9	865	9	919	9
4 to Less Than 5 Yrs	32	5	514	5	546	5
5 to Less Than 6 Yrs	60	10	1,451	14	1,511	14
6 to Less Than 7 Yrs	6	1	464	5	470	4
7 to Less Than 8 Yrs	16	3	615	6	631	6
8 to Less Than 9 Yrs	7	1	239	2	246	2
9 to Less Than 10 Yrs	6	1	184	2	190	2
10 to Less Than 11 Yrs	35	6	1,060	10	1,095	10
11 to Less Than 12 Yrs	0	0	27	0	27	0
12 to Less Than 13 Yrs	7	1	412	4	419	4
13 to Less Than 14 Yrs	0	0	23	0	23	0
14 to Less Than 15 Yrs	0	0	22	0	22	0
15 to Less Than 16 Yrs	20	3	615	6	635	6
16 to Less Than 17 Yrs	0	0	23	0	23	0
17 to Less Than 18 Yrs	1	0	31	0	32	0
18 to Less Than 19 Yrs	2	0	101	1	103	1
19 to Less Than 20 Yrs	0	0	2	0	2	0
20+ Years	20	3	1,313	13	1,333	12
Life	34	6	1,546	15	1,580	15
<b>Total</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,097</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,712</b>	<b>100</b>

**Table 14**

**Life Sentences by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
First Degree Life	15	44	691	45	706	45
Second Degree Life	19	56	848	55	867	55
<b>Total</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1,539</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1,573</b>	<b>100</b>

Note: Offenders who received a First-Degree or Second-Degree Life sentence and later receive a change to that sentence via a commutation or court order are included in this table.

**Table 15**

**Court From Which Committed by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
Barnstable Superior	5	1	210	2	215	2
Berkshire Superior	14	2	278	3	292	3
Bristol Superior	26	4	729	7	755	7
Dukes Superior	0	0	2	0	2	0
Essex Superior	38	6	942	9	980	9
Franklin Superior	5	1	110	1	115	1
Hampden Superior	55	9	1,249	12	1,304	12
Hampshire Superior	6	1	132	1	138	1
Middlesex Superior	50	8	1,516	15	1,566	15
Nantucket Superior	0	0	10	0	10	0
Norfolk Superior	15	2	396	4	411	4
Plymouth Superior	24	4	558	6	582	5
Suffolk Superior	58	9	2,448	24	2,506	23
Worcester Superior	38	6	1,171	12	1,209	11
District Courts	277	45	58	1	335	3
Juvenile Courts	0	0	5	0	5	0
Probate & Family Courts	1	0	1	0	2	0
Other Jurisdictions	3	0	282	3	285	3
<b>Total</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,097</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,712</b>	<b>100</b>

Please note: In past reports, inmates committed on From and After Sentences were listed in a separate category. This year they are listed in the table under the court which imposed the From and After sentence.

**Table 16**

**Truth in Sentencing Indicator by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
Yes	500	81	5,462	54	5,962	56
No	112	18	4,558	45	4,670	44
Not Applicable	3	0	73	1	76	1
Not Available	0	0	4	0	4	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,097</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,712</b>	<b>100</b>

Please note: Cases categorized as “Not Applicable” are those where the inmate was not sentenced under Massachusetts General Law, i.e., inmates received from another state correctional agency or the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

**Table 17****Sentence Count\* by Gender**

	<b>Female (%)</b>		<b>Male (%)</b>		<b>Total (%)</b>	
One	247	40	3,556	35	3,803	36
Two	121	20	2,114	21	2,235	21
Three	68	11	1,292	13	1,360	13
Four	49	8	836	8	885	8
Five to Nine	63	10	1,264	13	1,327	12
Ten to Nineteen	15	2	316	3	331	3
Twenty or More	5	1	80	1	85	1
Not Available	47	8	639	6	686	6
<b>Total</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,097</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,712</b>	<b>100</b>

\* Number of sentences for which an inmate is serving. Please see glossary definition for more detail.

Please note: Cases where the Sentence Count is listed as “Not Available” are due to From and After Sentences and “B” Sentences where for this report, sentence information is based on the first sentence entered on the inmate and a sentence count is not computed.

Table 18

## DOC Population by Institution and Security Level

		Female	(%)	Male	(%)	Total	(%)
Level 6	MCI-Cedar Junction	-	-	558	6	558	5
	Souza-Baranowski Correctional Center	-	-	912	9	912	9
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>NA</b>	<b>NA</b>	<b>1,470</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>1,470</b>	<b>14</b>
Level 5	Old Colony Correctional Center	-	-	717	7	717	7
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>NA</b>	<b>NA</b>	<b>717</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>717</b>	<b>7</b>
Level 4	MCI-Concord	-	-	895	9	895	8
	MCI-Framingham	493	80	-	-	493	5
	MCI-Norfolk	-	-	1,483	15	1,483	14
	North Central Correctional Institution	-	-	987	10	987	9
	Southeastern Correctional Center (Medium)	-	-	302	3	302	3
	Bay State Correctional Center	-	-	296	3	296	3
	Massachusetts Boot Camp	-	-	102	1	102	1
	MCI-Shirley (Medium)	-	-	1,085	11	1,085	10
	Massachusetts Treatment Center	-	-	413	4	413	4
	Bridgewater State Hospital	-	-	132	1	132	1
	Shattuck Hospital Correctional Unit	1	-	6	0	7	0
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>494</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>5,701</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>6,195</b>	<b>58</b>
Level 3	MCI-Plymouth	-	-	132	1	132	1
	Northeastern Correctional Center	-	-	177	2	177	2
	Southeastern Correctional Center (Minimum)	-	-	97	1	97	1
	MCI-Shirley (Minimum)	-	-	270	3	270	3
	Pondville Correctional Center	-	-	162	2	162	2
	Longwood Treatment Center	12	2	117	1	129	1
	Massachusetts Boot Camp	-	-	77	1	77	1
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1,032</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>1,044</b>	<b>10</b>
Level 3/2	MCI-Lancaster	47	8	123	1	170	2
	South Middlesex Correctional Center	-	-	182	2	182	2
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>305</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>352</b>	<b>3</b>
Level 2	Boston Pre-Release Center	-	-	87	1	87	1
	Park Drive Pre-Release Center	-	-	50	0	50	0
	Hodder House	21	3	-	-	21	0
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>1</b>
Level 1	Charlotte House	11	2	-	-	11	0
	Houston House	2	0	-	-	2	0
	Pre-Parole Residential Environment Phase	2	0	11	0	13	0
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>0</b>
Maximum/Medium Security Subtotal (levels 4, 5, 6)		<b>494</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>7,888</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>8,382</b>	<b>78</b>
Minimum/Pre-Release Subtotal (levels 3, 3/2, 2, 1)		<b>95</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>1,485</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>1,580</b>	<b>15</b>
County Facilities		<b>21</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>435</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>456</b>	<b>4</b>
Other State/Federal Facilities		<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>289</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>615</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,097</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>10,712</b>	<b>100</b>

Note: Cells denoted in the table with a hyphen (-) mean that males or females are not housed in that particular institution, therefore the information is "Not Applicable".

Souza-Baranowski Correctional Center (SBCC) opened November 1998. Due to construction and with the availability of the new beds at SBCC, the population at Southeastern Correctional Center was significantly

reduced.

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Trends in the DOC Custody Population on January 1  
1991 to 2000

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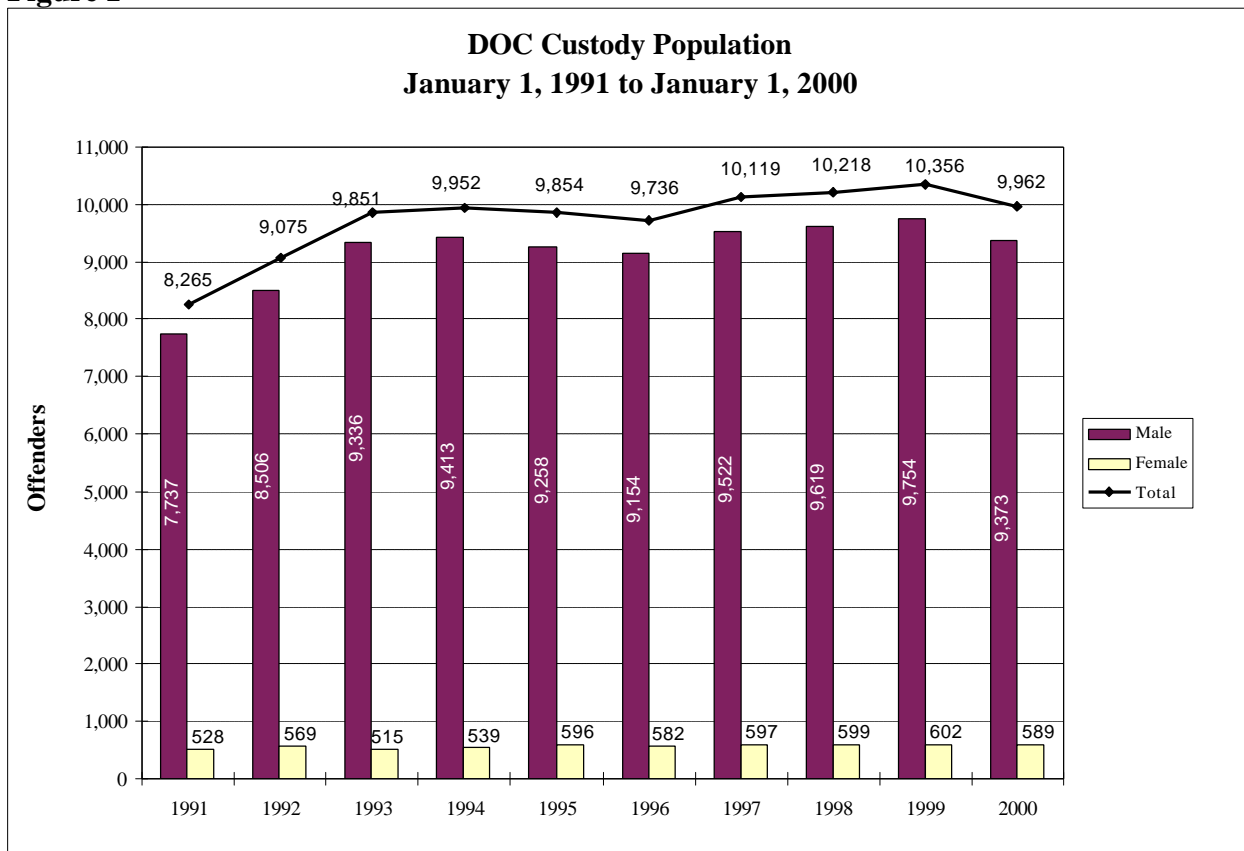
**Table 19**

Gender: January 1, 1991 to January 1, 2000

DOC Custody Population

		1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	% Chng 99 vs 2000
Male	N	7,737	8,506	9,336	9,413	9,258	9,154	9,522	9,619	9,754	9,373	-(4%)
	(%)	(94%)	(94%)	(95%)	(95%)	(94%)	(94%)	(94%)	(94%)	(94%)	(94%)	
Female	N	528	569	515	539	596	582	597	599	602	589	-(2%)
	(%)	(6%)	(6%)	(5%)	(5%)	(6%)	(6%)	(6%)	(6%)	(6%)	(6%)	
<b>Total</b>		<b>8,265</b>	<b>9,075</b>	<b>9,851</b>	<b>9,952</b>	<b>9,854</b>	<b>9,736</b>	<b>10,119</b>	<b>10,218</b>	<b>10,356</b>	<b>9,962</b>	<b>-(4%)</b>

**Figure 1**



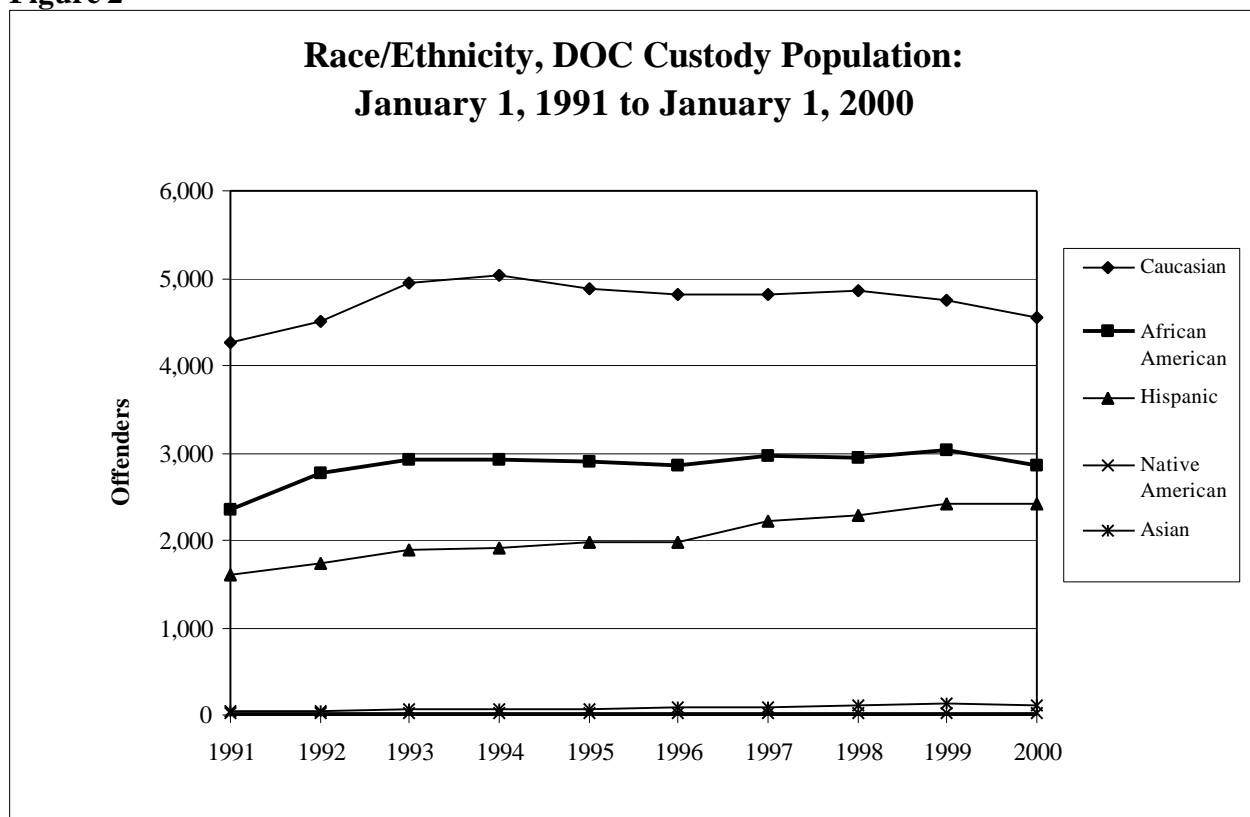
Please note: DOC custody population consists of criminally sentenced population on January 1st incarcerated in DOC facilities*only*.

**Table 20**

**Race/Ethnicity: January 1, 1991 to January 1, 2000**  
**DOC Custody Population**

		1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	% Chng 99 vs 2000
Caucasian	N	4,254	4,513	4,942	5,034	4,881	4,804	4,807	4,852	4,751	4,546	-(4%)
	(%)	(51%)	(50%)	(50%)	(51%)	(50%)	(49%)	(48%)	(47%)	(46%)	(46%)	
African American	N	2,351	2,762	2,931	2,933	2,907	2,861	2,978	2,935	3,024	2,853	-(6%)
	(%)	(28%)	(30%)	(30%)	(29%)	(30%)	(29%)	(29%)	(29%)	(29%)	(29%)	
Hispanic	N	1,602	1,733	1,897	1,906	1,980	1,978	2,213	2,295	2,428	2,411	-(1%)
	(%)	(19%)	(19%)	(19%)	(19%)	(20%)	(20%)	(22%)	(22%)	(23%)	(24%)	
Native American	N	12	14	16	13	13	14	31	30	29	32	(10%)
	(%)	(0%)	(0%)	(0%)	(0%)	(0%)	(0%)	(0%)	(0%)	(0%)	(0%)	
Asian	N	46	53	65	66	73	79	90	106	124	120	-(3%)
	(%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	
<b>Total</b>		<b>8,265</b>	<b>9,075</b>	<b>9,851</b>	<b>9,952</b>	<b>9,854</b>	<b>9,736</b>	<b>10,119</b>	<b>10,218</b>	<b>10,356</b>	<b>9,962</b>	<b>-(4%)</b>

**Figure 2**



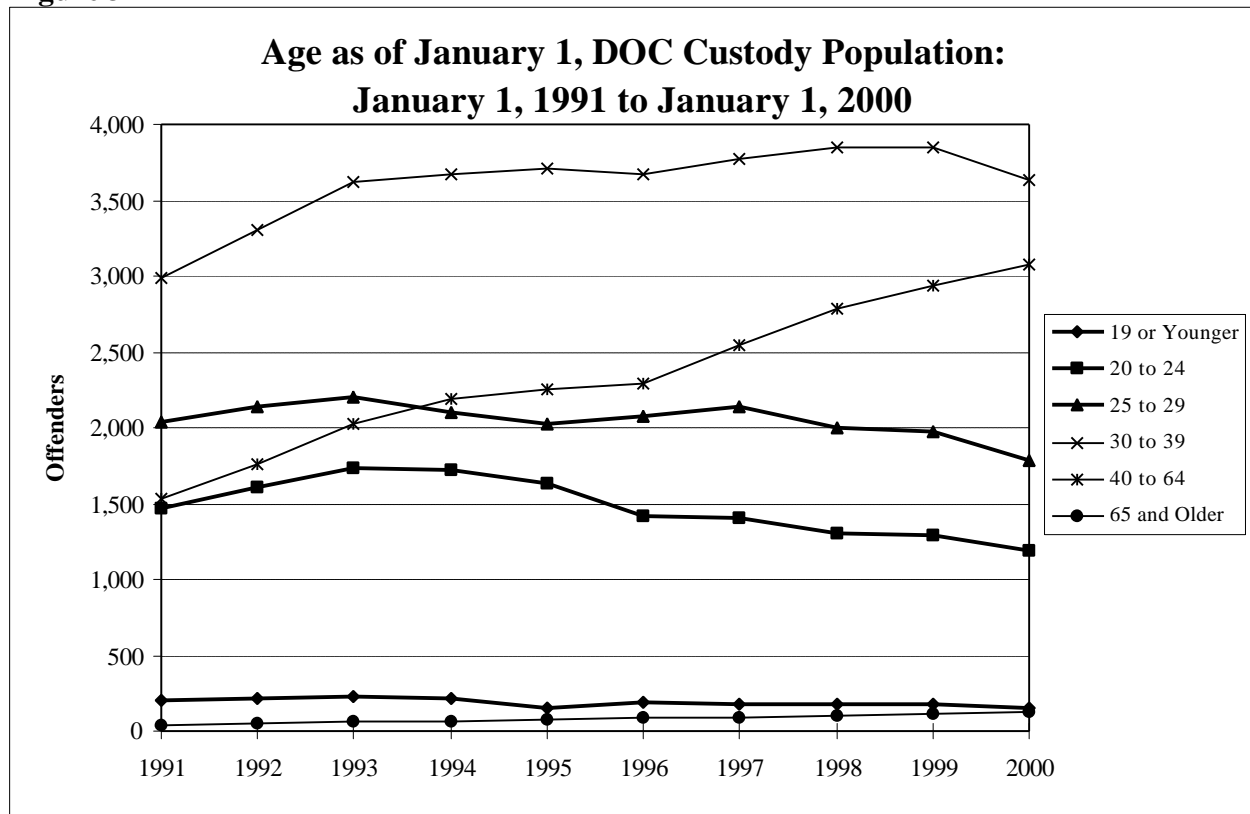


**Table 21**

Age as of January 1: January 1, 1991 to January 1, 2000  
DOC Custody Population

		1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	% Chng 99 vs 2000
19 or Younger	N	203	211	223	213	154	184	172	171	183	149	-(19%)
	(%)	(2%)	(2%)	(2%)	(2%)	(2%)	(2%)	(2%)	(2%)	(2%)	(1%)	
20 to 24	N	1,471	1,608	1,728	1,723	1,632	1,421	1,400	1,300	1,288	1,192	-(7%)
	(%)	(18%)	(18%)	(18%)	(17%)	(17%)	(15%)	(14%)	(13%)	(12%)	(12%)	
25 to 29	N	2,036	2,143	2,200	2,099	2,024	2,082	2,140	2,006	1,978	1,782	-(10%)
	(%)	(25%)	(24%)	(22%)	(21%)	(21%)	(21%)	(21%)	(20%)	(19%)	(18%)	
30 to 39	N	2,986	3,307	3,618	3,666	3,715	3,671	3,774	3,848	3,848	3,632	-(6%)
	(%)	(36%)	(36%)	(37%)	(37%)	(38%)	(38%)	(37%)	(38%)	(37%)	(36%)	
40 to 64	N	1,529	1,756	2,022	2,190	2,248	2,295	2,542	2,787	2,941	3,077	(5%)
	(%)	(18%)	(19%)	(21%)	(22%)	(23%)	(24%)	(25%)	(27%)	(28%)	(31%)	
65 and Older	N	40	50	60	61	81	83	91	106	118	130	(10%)
	(%)	(0%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	
<b>Total</b>		<b>8,265</b>	<b>9,075</b>	<b>9,851</b>	<b>9,952</b>	<b>9,854</b>	<b>9,736</b>	<b>10,119</b>	<b>10,218</b>	<b>10,356</b>	<b>9,962</b>	<b>-(4%)</b>
<b>Median Age (Years)</b>		<b>31</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>34</b>	
<b>Mean Age (Years)</b>		<b>NA</b>	<b>NA</b>	<b>NA</b>	<b>NA</b>	<b>NA</b>	<b>NA</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>36</b>	

**Figure 3**

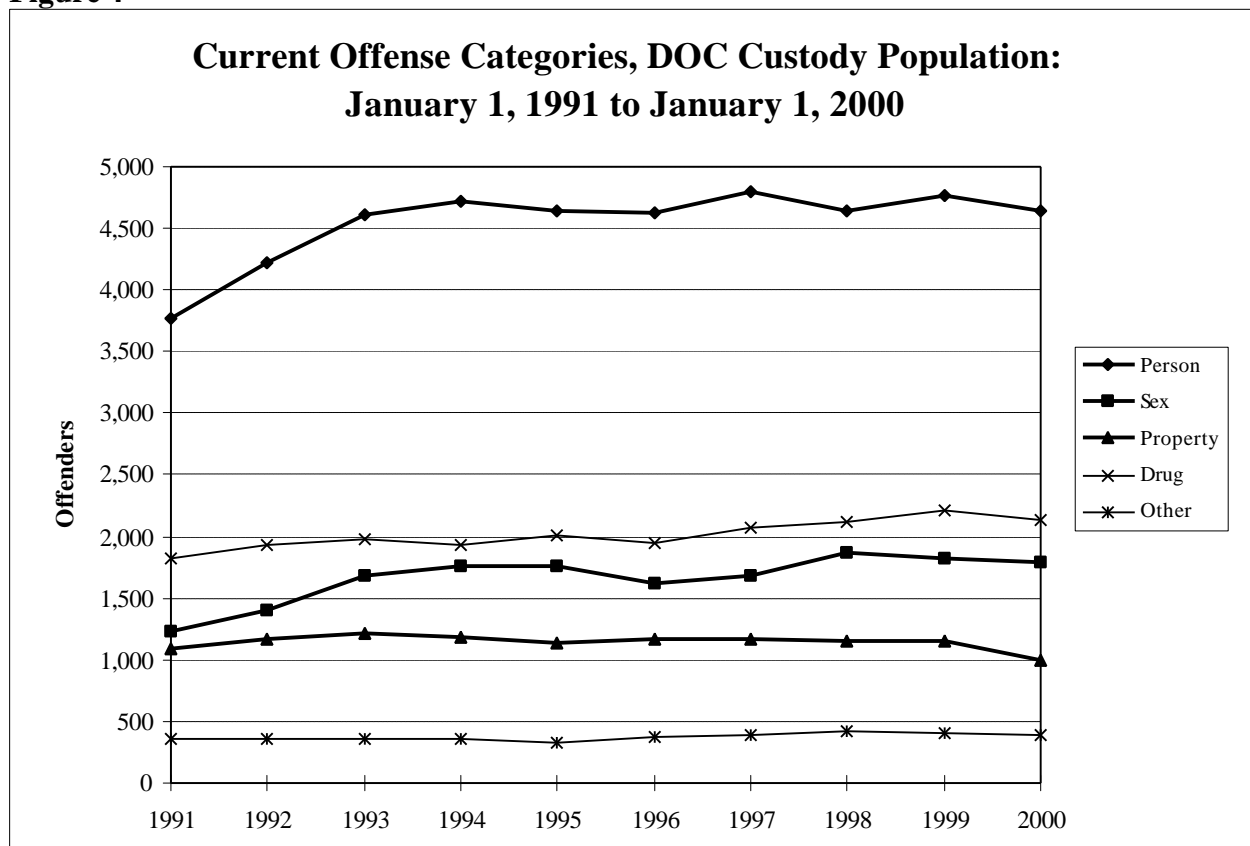


**Table 22**

**Current Offense Categories: January 1, 1991 to January 1, 2000**  
**DOC Custody Population**

		1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	% Chng 99 vs 2000
Person	N	3,764	4,214	4,618	4,724	4,634	4,633	4,803	4,648	4,763	4,649	-(2%)
	(%)	(46%)	(46%)	(47%)	(47%)	(47%)	(48%)	(47%)	(45%)	(46%)	(47%)	
Sex	N	1,229	1,402	1,690	1,759	1,758	1,620	1,690	1,872	1,829	1,792	-(2%)
	(%)	(15%)	(15%)	(17%)	(18%)	(18%)	(17%)	(17%)	(18%)	(18%)	(18%)	
Property	N	1,097	1,168	1,216	1,186	1,135	1,170	1,161	1,154	1,150	998	-(13%)
	(%)	(13%)	(13%)	(12%)	(12%)	(12%)	(12%)	(11%)	(11%)	(11%)	(10%)	
Drug	N	1,816	1,939	1,973	1,931	2,002	1,942	2,079	2,119	2,212	2,135	-(3%)
	(%)	(22%)	(21%)	(20%)	(19%)	(20%)	(20%)	(21%)	(21%)	(21%)	(21%)	
Other	N	359	352	354	352	325	371	386	425	402	388	-(3%)
	(%)	(4%)	(4%)	(4%)	(4%)	(3%)	(4%)	(4%)	(4%)	(4%)	(4%)	
<b>Total</b>		<b>8,265</b>	<b>9,075</b>	<b>9,851</b>	<b>9,952</b>	<b>9,854</b>	<b>9,736</b>	<b>10,119</b>	<b>10,218</b>	<b>10,356</b>	<b>9,962</b>	<b>-(4%)</b>

**Figure 4**



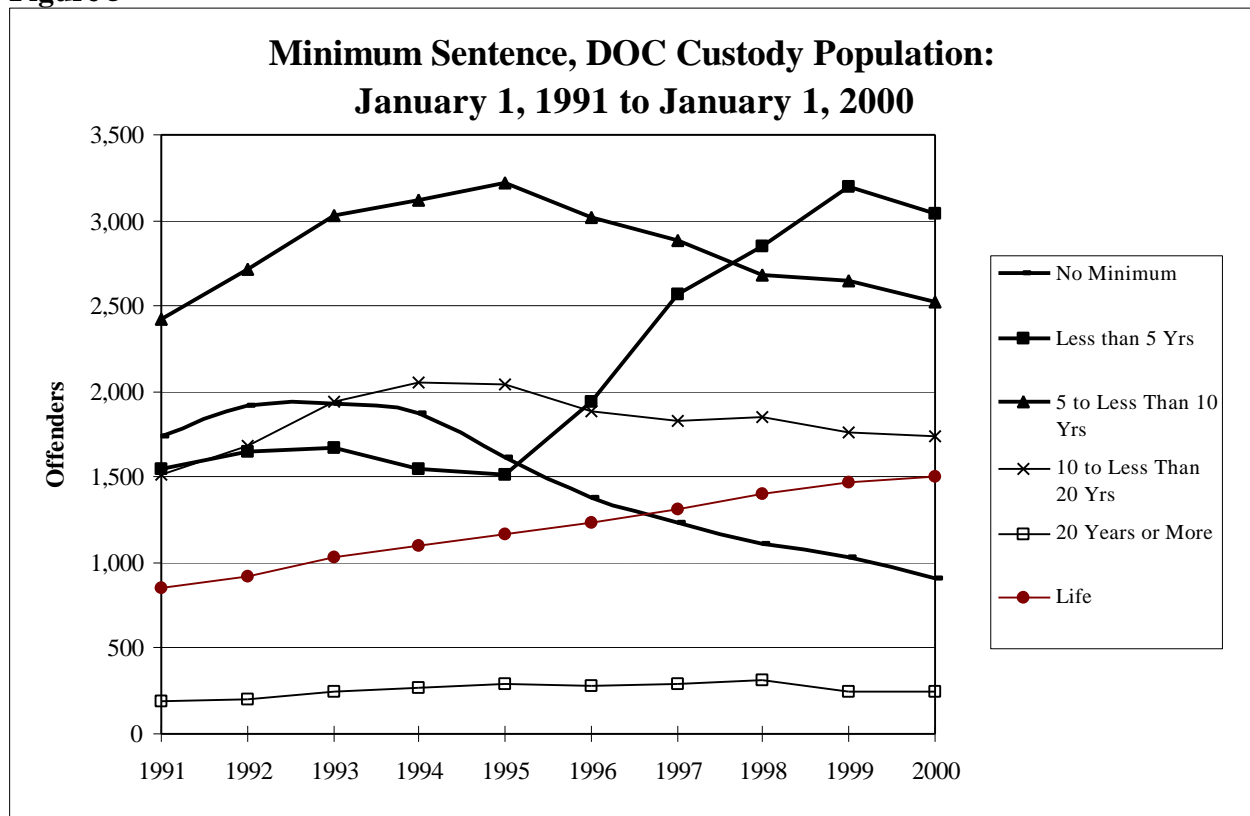
**Table 23**

Minimum Sentence: January 1, 1991 to January 1, 2000

DOC Custody Population

		1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	% Chng 99 vs 2000
Less than 5 Yrs	N	1,546	1,648	1,671	1,553	1,517	1,943	2,566	2,849	3,196	3,037	-(5%)
	(%)	(24%)	(23%)	(21%)	(19%)	(18%)	(23%)	(29%)	(31%)	(34%)	(34%)	
5 to Less Than 10 Yrs	N	2,424	2,714	3,027	3,113	3,220	3,013	2,885	2,683	2,648	2,522	-(5%)
	(%)	(37%)	(38%)	(38%)	(39%)	(39%)	(36%)	(32%)	(29%)	(28%)	(28%)	
10 to Less Than 20 Yrs	N	1,513	1,684	1,946	2,055	2,040	1,888	1,823	1,852	1,766	1,739	-(2%)
	(%)	(23%)	(24%)	(25%)	(25%)	(25%)	(23%)	(21%)	(20%)	(19%)	(19%)	
20 Years or More	N	186	197	247	264	289	285	297	316	247	247	(0%)
	(%)	(3%)	(3%)	(3%)	(3%)	(4%)	(3%)	(3%)	(3%)	(3%)	(3%)	
Life	N	854	917	1,027	1,095	1,169	1,230	1,318	1,403	1,465	1,504	(3%)
	(%)	(13%)	(13%)	(13%)	(14%)	(14%)	(15%)	(15%)	(15%)	(16%)	(17%)	
<b>Subtotal</b>	N	<b>6,523</b>	<b>7,160</b>	<b>7,918</b>	<b>8,080</b>	<b>8,235</b>	<b>8,359</b>	<b>8,889</b>	<b>9,103</b>	<b>9,322</b>	<b>9,049</b>	<b>-(3%)</b>
	(%)	<b>(79%)</b>	<b>(79%)</b>	<b>(80%)</b>	<b>(81%)</b>	<b>(84%)</b>	<b>(86%)</b>	<b>(88%)</b>	<b>(89%)</b>	<b>(90%)</b>	<b>(91%)</b>	
No Minimum	N	1,742	1,915	1,933	1,872	1,619	1,377	1,230	1,115	1,034	913	-(12%)
	(%)	(21%)	(21%)	(20%)	(19%)	(16%)	(14%)	(12%)	(11%)	(10%)	(9%)	
<b>Total</b>		<b>8,265</b>	<b>9,075</b>	<b>9,851</b>	<b>9,952</b>	<b>9,854</b>	<b>9,736</b>	<b>10,119</b>	<b>10,218</b>	<b>10,356</b>	<b>9,962</b>	<b>-(4%)</b>

**Figure 5**

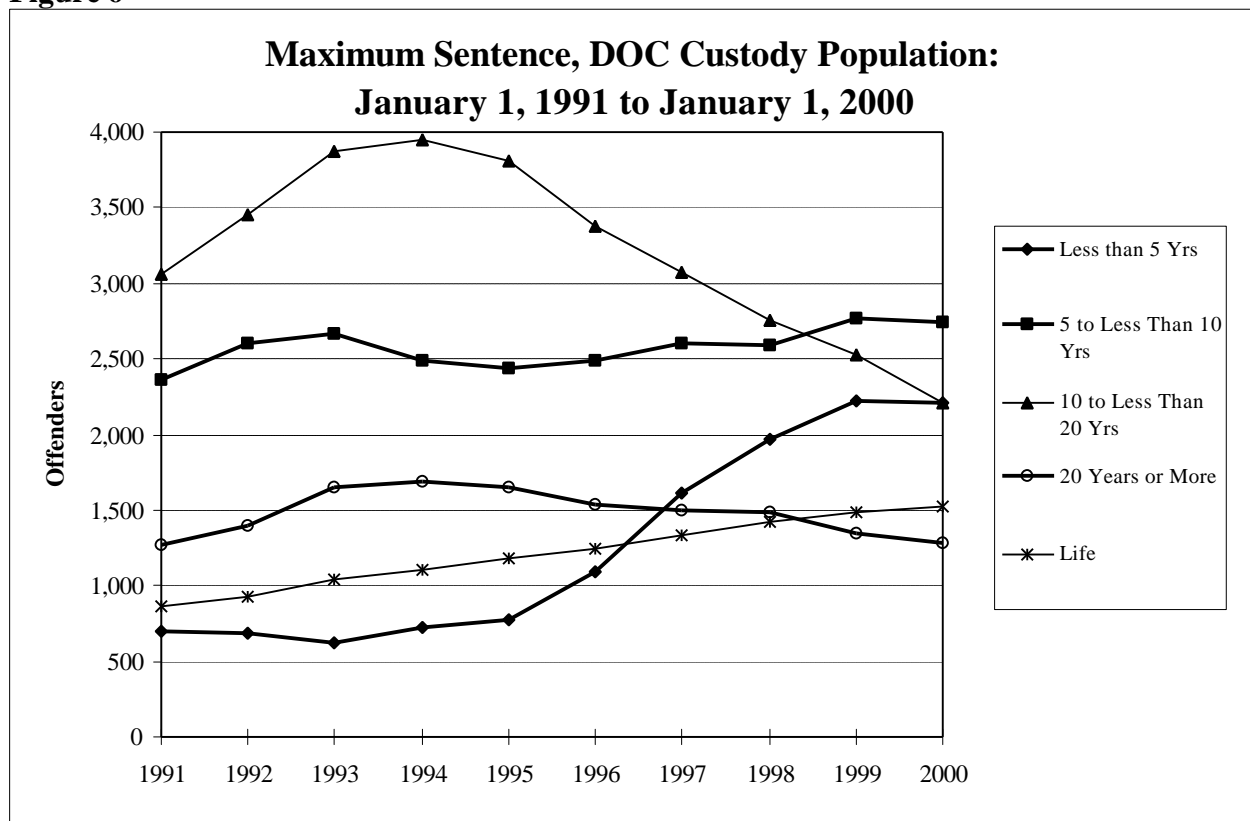


**Table 24**

**Maximum Sentence: January 1, 1991 to January 1, 2000**  
**DOC Custody Population**

		1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	% Chng 99 vs 2000
Less than 5 Yrs	N	701	682	622	722	772	1,089	1,609	1,966	2,223	2,204	-(1%)
	(%)	(8%)	(8%)	(6%)	(7%)	(8%)	(11%)	(16%)	(19%)	(21%)	(22%)	
5 to Less Than 10 Yrs	N	2,364	2,607	2,670	2,485	2,436	2,491	2,608	2,590	2,770	2,743	-(1%)
	(%)	(29%)	(29%)	(27%)	(25%)	(25%)	(26%)	(26%)	(25%)	(27%)	(28%)	
10 to Less Than 20 Yrs	N	3,060	3,459	3,875	3,950	3,812	3,373	3,069	2,754	2,530	2,212	-(13%)
	(%)	(37%)	(38%)	(39%)	(40%)	(39%)	(35%)	(30%)	(27%)	(24%)	(22%)	
20 Years or More	N	1,274	1,396	1,645	1,687	1,647	1,536	1,494	1,483	1,348	1,281	-(5%)
	(%)	(15%)	(15%)	(17%)	(17%)	(17%)	(16%)	(15%)	(15%)	(13%)	(13%)	
Life	N	866	931	1,039	1,108	1,187	1,247	1,339	1,425	1,485	1,522	(2%)
	(%)	(10%)	(10%)	(11%)	(11%)	(12%)	(13%)	(13%)	(14%)	(14%)	(15%)	
<b>Total</b>		<b>8,265</b>	<b>9,075</b>	<b>9,851</b>	<b>9,952</b>	<b>9,854</b>	<b>9,736</b>	<b>10,119</b>	<b>10,218</b>	<b>10,356</b>	<b>9,962</b>	<b>-(4%)</b>

**Figure 6**



**Table 25**

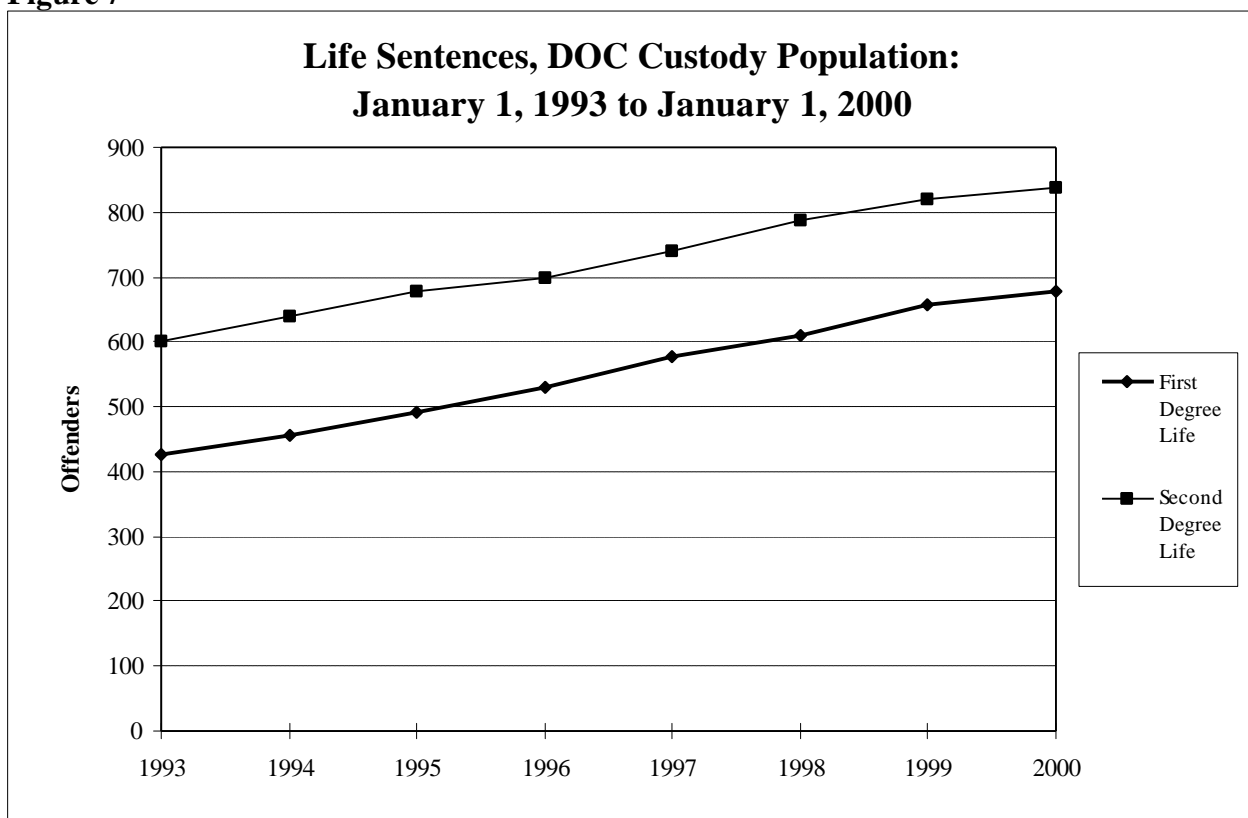
**Life Sentences: January 1, 1993 to January 1, 2000**  
**DOC Custody Population**

		1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	% Chng 99 vs 2000
First Degree Life	N	426	456	492	530	578	609	656	678	(3%)
	(%)	(41%)	(42%)	(42%)	(43%)	(44%)	(44%)	(44%)	(45%)	
Second Degree Life	N	601	639	677	700	740	788	820	837	(2%)
	(%)	(59%)	(58%)	(58%)	(57%)	(56%)	(56%)	(56%)	(55%)	
<b>Total</b>		<b>1,027</b>	<b>1,095</b>	<b>1,169</b>	<b>1,230</b>	<b>1,318</b>	<b>1,397</b>	<b>1,476</b>	<b>1,515</b>	<b>(3%)</b>

Note: Information is not available in current format prior to 1993.

First-Degree Life and Second-Degree Life categories include inmates who were sentenced for a minimum term of "Life 1" or "Life 2" regardless of whether the sentence was subsequently changed due to a commutation. For the years 1996 and previous, sentences which were changed to a minimum term of years via a commutation or court order are excluded from the reported figures.

**Figure 7**



## **Glossary**

<b>Age At Incarceration</b>	Jail credits are not included in the calculation of age at incarceration.
<b>Court from Which Committed</b>	Boston Municipal Court is included with the District Court category, as well as other former Municipal courts; District courts are lower courts of all counties.
<b>CRS</b>	Correctional Residential Services.
<b>Current Offense</b>	<p>Inmates may be incarcerated for multiple offenses. The offense reported is that associated with the longest maximum discharge date.</p> <p>Offense labels can be found in the Appendix and are listed in alphabetical order by offense category.</p>
<b>DOC</b>	Massachusetts Department of Correction.
<b>Expiration</b>	Expiration of Sentence.
<b>GCD</b>	Good Conduct Discharge.
<b>HOC</b>	House of Correction - Massachusetts.
<b>Marital Status</b>	The categories “Common Law”, “Cohabitant”, and “Life Partner” are combined into the category labeled “Partner/Live-in” for this report.
<b>Mean</b>	The sum of the values of all the observations in a data set divided by the number of observations.
<b>Median</b>	The point in an array of data which has an equal number of observations above and below it.
<b>Minimum Sentence</b>	Some inmates do not have a minimum sentence, only a maximum sentence. Cases with “No Minimum” term are inmates serving House of Correction (County) or Reformatory sentences and can also be those serving out of state or federal sentences.
<b>MSA</b>	Metropolitan Statistical Area as defined by the Federal Bureau of Census.

**Not Available/NA**

Information that is unavailable for previous years due to changes to definitions/reporting are noted as “Not Available”. Also, missing information is considered “Not Available”.

**Not Reported**

For self-reported variables such as marital status, education, race, place of birth, and address missing information is noted as “Not Reported”.

**PV**

Parole Violation.

**PPREP**

Pre-Parole Residential Environment Program.

**Race/Ethnicity**

Inmates who self-report their race as “White Hispanic” or “Black Hispanic” are combined into the “Hispanic” category for this report.

**Sentence Count**

An inmate is often serving more than one sentence at the same time. This variable is a count of the number of sentences imposed that are entered into the database per inmate. Consecutive sentences that can be identified in the data are subtracted from the count.

**Sentence/Sentence Type**

State Prison Sentence

Prior to the “Truth in Sentencing” law, if an offender is sentenced to the State Prison, except for life or as an habitual criminal, the court shall not fix the term of imprisonment, but shall fix a maximum and minimum term for which he/she may be imprisoned. The minimum term shall not be less than two and a half years. All sentences which have a finite maximum term are eligible to have the term reduced by statutory good time, except for most sex offenses, crimes committed while confined and certain “mandatory” sentences.

In the “new law”, all state sentences have a minimum and a maximum term, unless an inmate is sentenced for life or as a habitual criminal. The minimum term is used to determine parole eligibility, and the maximum term is used to determine discharge.

Under both the “old” and “new” sentencing systems, an inmate is discharged from his/her sentence at the expiration of his term, less any statutory or earned good time. Under the “new” system none of the reduction will be attributable to statutory good time

Reformatory Sentence

Prior to the “Truth in Sentencing” law, males and females can be sentenced to a Reformatory sentence, an indefinite term, indicated by a maximum term.

For MCI- Concord, a male not previously sentenced for felony more than three times, convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment in any correctional institution of the Commonwealth or by imprisonment in a jail or House of Correction may be sentenced for an indefinite term. Concord may confine misdemeanor offenders as well as those who commit felonies.

A female convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment in a House of Correction, may be sentenced to the Massachusetts Correctional Institution-Framingham. In addition to those women who commit felonies, MCI-Framingham may confine female misdemeanor offenders.

The “new” law eliminates “Concord” (or Framingham) sentences to the state reformatory.

House of Correction Sentence

Also known as a “County Sentence”. Prior to the “Truth in Sentencing” law, if an offender is sentenced to the House of Correction, the term shall be two and a half years or less. Parole eligibility and discharge are based on the maximum term of a sentence.

Under the “new” law, discharge on this sentence will change because of the elimination of statutory good time. There is no change in the parole eligibility date.

Other State, Federal

This category is used for inmates who were received by the DOC from another state correctional agency or the Federal Bureau of Prisons and are not sentenced under Massachusetts General Law.



**Truth in Sentencing Indicator**

On January 12, 1994, the Governor signed into law an Act to Promote the Effective Management of the Criminal Justice System. St. 1993, c. 432, generally known as the “Truth in Sentencing” Law. Sentencing for offenses committed after June 30, 1994 are significantly affected by this law. This field indicates whether the “Current Offense” was committed prior to or after June 30, 1994. For further discussion on some of the changes due to Truth in Sentencing refer to “Sentence/Sentence Type” earlier in Glossary.

**Type of Sentence**

In past reports, this variable has represented the type of sentence received by the court such as Aggregate, Concurrent, Fine, Forthwith, From and After, Simple, or Split. Due to a changes in the database, the Type of Sentence is no longer available in such detail, consequently it is no longer reported. This variable is different from “Sentence Type” which is presented in this report and defined earlier in the Glossary.

**Violent Offense**

Any offense that falls under the Person or Sex Offense categories.

## **Appendix**

Offenses are listed in alphabetical order by category. If more than one offense is combined into the same label or an offense label was shortened to fit in the report table, the offense is listed in this Appendix. Abbreviated offense labels are printed in **bold** letters. Arithmetic signs have been used to abbreviate where relevant and represent the following: > (greater than), < (less than), + (and over).

### **Drug Offense**

Massachusetts General Law Chapter 94C  
Offenses.

Class A Distribution or Possession w/Intent  
to Distribute

**Class A: Manufacturing, Distribution,  
Dispensing or Possession with Intent to  
Manufacture, Distribute or Dispense** (no  
mandatory minimum term).

Class A Distribution or Poss w/Int to Dist,  
Subsequent

**Class A: Subsequent Offense,  
Manufacturing, Distribution, Dispensing or  
Possession with Intent to Manufacture,  
Distribute or Dispense** (mandatory minimum  
term specified).

Class A Distribution or Poss w/Int to Dist to Minor

**Class A: Manufacturing, Distribution,  
Dispensing or Possession with Intent to  
Manufacture, Distribute, Dispense to a  
Minor** (mandatory minimum term specified).

Class B Distribution or Possession w/Intent  
to Distribute

**Class B: Manufacturing, Distribution,  
Dispensing or Possession with Intent to  
Manufacture, Distribute, Dispense** (no  
mandatory minimum term).

Class B - Distribution or Poss w/Int to Dist,  
Subsequent

**Class B: Subsequent Offense,  
Manufacturing, Distribution, Dispensing or  
Possession with Intent to Manufacture,  
Distribute or Dispense** (mandatory minimum  
term specified).

Class B Distribution or Poss w/Int to Dist to Minor

**Class B: Manufacturing, Distribution,  
Dispensing or Possession with Intent to  
Manufacture, Distribute, Dispense to a  
Minor** (mandatory minimum term specified).

Class C Distribution or Possession w/Int to  
Distribute

**Class C: Manufacturing, Distribution,  
Dispensing or Possession with Intent to  
Manufacture, Distribute, Dispense** (no  
mandatory minimum term).

Class C Distribution or Poss w/Int to Dist,  
Subsequent

**Class C: Subsequent Offense, Manufacturing, Distribution, Dispensing or Possession with Intent to Manufacture, Distribute or Dispense** (mandatory minimum term specified).

Class C Distribution or Poss w/Int to Dist to Minor

**Class C: Manufacturing, Distribution, Dispensing or Possession with Intent to Manufacture, Distribute, Dispense to a Minor** (mandatory minimum term specified).

Class D Distribution or Possession w/Intent to Distribute

**Class D: Manufacturing, Distribution, Dispensing or Possession with Intent to Manufacture, Distribute or Dispense** (no mandatory minimum term).

Class D Distribution or Poss w/Int to Dist, Subsequent

**Class D: Subsequent Offense, Manufacturing, Distribution, Dispensing or Possession with Intent to Manufacture, Distribute or Dispense** (no mandatory minimum term).

Distribute/Sell Drug Paraphernalia

Distribute or possess drug paraphernalia with intent to sell; sell drug paraphernalia.

Drug Violation, School/Park

Drug violation near a school or park.

Fraudulent Prescriptions

Includes uttering false prescriptions and subsequent offenses; drugs obtained by fraud.

Induce Minors in Sale and Dist of Drugs

**Induce Minors in Sales and Distribution of Drugs.** Includes drug funds, induce minors to possess, induce minors to distribute.

Possession of Controlled Substance

**Unlawful Possession of Particular Controlled Substances Including Heroin and Marijuana.** The following are the controlled substance categories:

Class A

Heroin and morphine;

Class B

Cocaine; opium, amphetamines, barbiturates, and PCP;

Class C

Hallucinogens (LSD, hashish);

Class D

Marijuana;

Class E

Prescription drugs;

No Class Specified

Type of drug is not indicated by the sentence.

Possession of Hypodermic Syringe/Instrument

Includes possession of hypodermic needle or any instrument adapted for the administration of narcotic drugs; hypodermic violation.

Possession w/Int to Distribute Cocaine to Minor	<b>Cocaine Distribution or Possession with Intent to Distribute to a Minor</b> (mandatory minimum term).
Specific Class B Distribution or Poss w/Int to Dist	<b>Specific Class B: Manufacturing, Distribution, Dispensing or Possession with Intent to Manufacture, Distribute, Dispense</b> (mandatory minimum term specified). Specific Class B drugs are Cocaine and Phenmetrazine.
Specific C1 B Distribution or Poss w/Int to Dist, Subsequent	<b>Specific Class B: Subsequent Offense, Manufacturing, Distribution, Dispensing or Possession with Intent to Manufacture, Distribute, Dispense</b> (mandatory minimum term specified). Specific Class B drugs are Cocaine and Phenmetrazine. Methamphetamine.
Specific Class B Trafficking	Trafficking categories are broken out by amount. Specific Class B drugs are Cocaine and Phenmetrazine.
<u>Other Offense</u>	Miscellaneous offenses that are not clearly categorized into one of the other offense categories of Person, Property, Sex or Drug.
Bribery/Corruption	Includes corrupt gifts/offers to influence; bribery; corrupt gifts/offers to influence acts; solicitation of gifts; corruption; financial interest of state employees; giving or receiving gifts; fiduciary; threatening economic injury.
Cruelty to Animals	Includes rabies vaccination penalty; killing or injury to domestic animals; cruelty to animals; willfully injuring police dogs or horses.
Delivering/Receiving Articles for Inmates	Includes delivering drugs to prisoners; inmates bringing drugs/weapons into facilities.
Deriving Support from Prostitution	Includes keeping and maintaining house of prostitution or house of ill fame; deriving support from a prostitute (pimping); procuring a person to practice prostitution.
Domestic Abuse Prevention	Includes orders to vacate marital home and orders of restraint; domestic abuse prevention.
Environmental Offenses	Includes discharge of pollutants into waters; illegal dumping; illegal taking of shellfish; violation of wetlands protection act.

Escape	Includes attempts, aiding an escape, accessory to escape. Escapes from work, education, program release activity, prison camp, jail.
False Alarm of Fire/Removal of Fire Devices	<b>False Alarm of Fire/Removal of Fire Protective Devices.</b> Includes tampering with fire protection device; false alarm of fire.
Gaming	Includes organizing gambling syndicates; place for registering bets.
Habitual Criminal	Sentence if no punishment is provided by statute; punishment of habitual criminal.
Leave the Scene of Vehicular Accident	Motor vehicle accident, personal injury, damage.
Miscellaneous Other Offense	Includes violation of a civil ordinance, inhaling toxic vapors; tax evasion, threatening tax collector, contributing to the delinquency of a minor, home improvement contractor violation/unlicensed; procuring miscarriage, dies in consequence of miscarriage; disinterring bodies.
Non-Support or Abandonment of Child	Infant abandonment and death from abandonment; abandonment and non-support; the illegal refusal to support a child.
Obstruction of Justice	Includes obstruction of justice; compounding or concealing felonies; false report of crime to police officer.
Other Decency/Public Peace Crimes	Includes promoting of anarchy, inciting a riot; common night walker, brawlers, disorderly acts, indecent exposure, lewd, wanton and lascivious behavior, idle and disorderly; threat to commit a crime; recognizance to keep the peace; affray, threats, disturbing of peace in presence of justice.
Other Motor Vehicle Offenses	Does not include vehicular homicide, OUI, OUI with injury, or leaving the scene. Includes violation of Automobile Law, violation of Motor Vehicle Law; failure to yield right away to emergency vehicles; operating unregistered; operating after suspension; operating motor vehicle after suspension or revocation of license (this includes operating after revocation, habitual offender, illegally attaching plates, operating

Other Motor Vehicle Offenses(**continued**)

after suspension); using motor vehicle without authority, leaving scene after motor vehicle homicide; refusal to submit to police officer; leasing motor vehicle on mileage basis fraud violation; operating motor vehicle without liability policy, bond.

Other Weapons Offense

Includes shooting across highway near dwelling; firearm license violation - purchase for use of another; throwing or shooting of missiles; use of a firearm during commission of a felony; possession of infernal machine; carrying dangerous weapon first or subsequent; sale of silencers for firearms, knife, dagger, etc. with prior felony; tear gas use in commission of crime; possession of machine or shot guns; use of body armor in commission of crime; quantity of firearms; firearms sales, distribution or transfer; selling firearm without registering of serial number; possess firearm without ID; possession of firearm on school grounds; possession of large capacity weapon without firearm identification; possession of defaced firearm in a felony; defacing a firearm, discharge of firearm within 500 feet of a dwelling; possession of explosives or other dangerous substances; weapons violation with prior.

OUI, Alcohol or Drugs, With or Without Injury

**Operating a Motor Vehicle Under the Influence of Alcohol or Drugs With or Without Injury.** Includes operating under the influence; operating under the influence with injury resulting.

Perjury/Contempt of Court

Includes contempt; perjury; attempt to procure another to commit perjury; disruption of court proceedings; perjury, statements alleging motor vehicle thefts; penalties for violation of confidentiality and for perjury; failure to appear.

Prostitution

Includes soliciting for prostitute; prostitution; engaging in sex for a fee.

Sale/Possession of Alcohol to Minor < 21

**Sale or Possession of Alcohol to Minor Under 21.** Includes sale, delivery or furnishing alcoholic beverages to persons under 21, employment of persons under 18; persons under 21 purchase or attempt to purchase; open container.

Violation of Labor Laws	Includes illegal payment of wages; frivolous proceedings, costs; failure to provide payment/compensation.
Weapons Violation, Bartley-Fox Gun Law	Carrying a firearm without a license (mandatory 1 year sentence).
<u>Person Offense</u>	Crimes Against the Person (primarily Massachusetts General Law Chapter 265 offenses).
Accessory Before the Fact	Includes aiders, accessory before the fact; prosecution as accessory before the fact.
Armed Assault in Dwelling Houses	Includes armed assault in dwelling houses. The act may be an actual assault or an attempt.
Assault to Rob not Being Armed	Includes assault to rob not being armed, assault to rob, assault with intent to rob, assault with intent to rob by force and violence.
Assault with Intent to Commit Felony	Includes assault with intent to commit felony, injury to firefighter, assault with intent to intimidate, assault and battery for intimidation with bodily injury, causing injury during physical training.
Assault with Intent to Commit Murder	Includes assault with intent to murder, maim, etc.; assault to commit murder; assault with intent to kill.
Assault with Intent to Rob or Murder, Being Armed	Includes assault with intent to rob or murder being armed; assault with a deadly weapon with intent to rob.
Assault/Assault and Battery	Includes assault, assault and battery, assault and battery on an officer, E.M.T. or a public servant, assault and battery to collect loan.
Assault/A&B with a Dangerous Weapon	<b>Assault/assault and Battery with a Dangerous Weapon.</b> Includes assault and battery with a dangerous weapon; assault with a dangerous weapon.
Attempted Murder	Includes all attempts to commit murder, other than assaults: attempted murder, attempts to commit murder by poisoning, drowning, or strangling, poisoning with intent to kill/injure.
A&B Upon an Elderly or Disabled Person	<b>Assault and Battery on an Elderly or Disabled Person.</b> Includes assault and Battery

	upon elderly or disabled causing injury, serious injury, permanent bodily injury.
A&B with a Dangerous Weapon, Victim 60+	<b>Assault and Battery with a Dangerous Weapon, Victim 60 and Over.</b> Includes assault and battery by means of a dangerous weapon, victim 60 or older.
Conspiracy	If crime is specified, (i.e., conspiracy to commit larceny), the offense is listed under the specified crime. If crime is not specified, the offense is listed under this category.
Extortion	Includes attempts to extort money, threats, threat to commit crime.
Kidnapping	Includes abduction, holding a correction officer hostage, kidnapping with intent to extort, kidnapping of minor by relative.
Manslaughter	Includes negligent homicide, voluntary or involuntary manslaughter.
Stalking	Includes stalking in violation of a restraining order (1st offense), stalking as a subsequent offense, harassing or making threats.
Stealing by Confining or Putting in Fear	<b>Confining or Putting in Fear a Person for the Purpose of Stealing.</b> Includes breaking, burning or blowing up a safe; intimidate to steal from a depository.
Unarmed Robbery	Includes robbery, robbery not being armed, robbery by force and violence.
Violation of Civil Rights	Includes civil rights violation, civil rights violation with bodily injury, violation of civil rights with injury.
<u>Property Offense</u>	Crimes Against Property (primarily Massachusetts General Law Chapter 266 offenses).
Arson and Attempted Arson	Includes burning or aiding to burn a dwelling, other buildings, personal property; attempting to burn building; injury or destruction of woods by fire; injury due to negligent use of fire; negligent use of fire in towns; burning insured property with intent to defraud; injury to fire engines; destruction or injury by explosives; throwing explosives at property or
Arson and Attempted Arson(continued)	



	persons; use or possession of flammable liquid in breakable container.
Burglary, Armed or an Assault	Includes armed burglary, breaking and entering with intent to assault with or without dangerous weapon.
Destruction of Property	Includes injury or destruction of electrical utility property, boundary markings, historical monuments, schoolhouse or church, building, personal property; defacement or injury of county building; throwing oil of vitriol; destroying timber; breaking glass or injury to fences; defacement of property with paint; injury to religious, educational, etc., institutions; destruction of property by inmate at correctional institution; destruction of property by prisoners; damaging irrigation machinery; destruction or alteration of motor vehicle identification numbers; alteration of identifying numbers.
Embezzlement	Includes bank officers, fraud or embezzlement; embezzlement by brokers/agents; fiduciaries fraud; defraud company's assets.
Forgery and Uttering	Includes forgery or alteration of lottery tickets; stealing, forging or falsifying; making false certificate of title, learning permits, licenses, registration or inspection stickers; obtaining signature under false pretenses; unlawful use of credit cards; publishing code of non-existing credit cards; false/forged records, certificates, returns; railroad tickets, passes or badges, injures, defrauds, falsely makes, alters, forges or counterfeits; uttering false records; possession of 10 or more counterfeit bills; uttering false instrument; possession of false/forged counterfeit bills, tools/materials to make counterfeit notes.
Fraud	Includes false representation; securities violations; provider making false representations; fraud of telecommunication service; fraudulent use of telecommunication; obtaining goods by fraud; stock, fraudulent issue or transfer; corporation, books false entries with intent to defraud; presentation of false claims; obtaining goods under false pretenses; false invoice of cargo, intent to defraud insurer; insurance policy,
Fraud ( <b>continued</b> )	

Larceny From Elder or Disabled Person	penalty/fraud claims; interception of wire and oral communications. Includes larceny from person 65 or older; larceny from person 60 or older, or disabled.
Larceny/Stealing	Includes stealing in building, vessel or railroad car, stealing in a truck, tractor/semi-trailer or freight container; larceny - general provision and penalties; larceny by check; unlawful taking of money by transporter; larceny of bicycle; concealing leased or rented property.
Receiving Stolen Goods	Includes receiving and buying stolen goods; common receiver of stolen goods (habitual).
Shoplifting	Includes shoplifting as a third offense.
Theft of Motor Vehicle or non-Motor Vehicle	Removal of motor vehicle with intent to defraud insurer; theft of motor vehicle or trailer; concealment of motor vehicle or trailer thief; unlawful taking or use of transportation media.
Unarmed Burglary/Breaking and Entering	Includes unarmed breaking and entering in night time; breaking and entering a building, vessel or vehicle in night time with intent to commit a misdemeanor or felony, entering by daytime or breaking and entering by night time a building, vehicle or vessel with intent to commit a felony; entering dwelling in night time or breaking and entering in a building, vehicle or vessel in daytime with intent to commit a felony; breaking and entering or entering railroad car with intent to commit a felony; breaking and entering trucks, tractors or trailers.
<u>Sex Offense</u>	Sex Offenses Against the Person. Consist of Massachusetts General Law Chapter 265 (Crimes Against the Person) and Chapter 272 offenses (Crimes Against Chastity, Morality, Decency and Good Order).
Assault With Intent to Commit Rape	Includes attempts to rape.
Assault with Intent to Rape, Child < 16	<b>Assault with Intent to Commit Rape, Child Under 16 Years.</b>
Crimes Against Nature	The abominable and detestable crime against nature, either with mankind or beast.

Indecent Asslt & Battery on Child Under 14	<b>Indecent Assault and Battery on Child Under 14.</b> Includes indecent assault and battery on a minor.
Indecent A&B on Mentally Retarded Victim	<b>Indecent Assault and Battery on Mentally Retarded Victim.</b>
Indecent Asslt & Battery on Victim 14 or Older	<b>Indecent Assault and Battery on Victim 14 or Older.</b>
Other Sex Offenses	Includes adultery, fornication, open and gross lewdness and lascivious behavior, drugging persons for unlawful intercourse, dissemination of obscene matter.
Rape	Age of victim not specified, or does not fall under a rape of child category.
Rape and Abuse of a Child	Statutory rape, victim under 16 years old.
Rape of a Child with Force	Age of victim under 16 years old.
Sex Offenses Involving a Minor	Includes enticing person under 16 away for marriage, inducing person under 18 to have sexual intercourse, inducing a minor into prostitution, prostitutes deriving support from a child, distribution of obscene articles to minors, child pornography, dissemination of materials of child in state of nudity, dissemination of visual materials of child engaged in sexual conduct, knowingly purchasing or possession of visual material of child depicted in sexual conduct.
Sexual Assault - Out of State/Federal Inmates	Used for sexual assault cases for out-of-state or federally sentenced inmates whose offense does not fit in another sex offense category.
Unnatural Acts	Includes unnatural acts, lascivious acts, assault to commit unnatural sex acts.
Violation of Sex Offender Registry	Failure to register as a sex offender' misuse of sex offender registry information.